Watchman

Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

VOL. XXXIII BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 23, 1902 NO. 29

DEATH OF C. P. STONERODE

Another Old Veteran Has Answered the Final Roll Call.

TOOK PART IN 22 ENGAGEMENTS

Served Under Generals Grant and Burnside—His Home was at Milesburg.

OTHER LOCAL NEWS OF THE DAY

One by one the gray-haired veterans of the Civil war are being gathered to their final resting place and in a few years more none will be left to tell us their thrilling experiences during the stirring times from '61 to '65. This paper is now under the painful necessity of chronicling the death of Curtin P. Stonerode, one of the honored number, who passed away at his home in Milesburg Monday morning at 2 o'clock from a complication of diseases directly due to wounds received in the service of his country.

Deceased was born in Birmingham, Huntingdon county, March 25th, 1841, and was the son of John M. and Rachel Stonerode. His mother is now dead, but his father still survives at the advanced age of 83 years.

At the outbreak of the Civil war the subject of this obituary was among the first to answer to the call of his country for assistance and has a record to be proud of. He first entered the service of his country at Bellefonte April 20th, 1861, under Capt. J. B. Mitchel, 1st Lieut. J. A. Beaver and 2nd Lieut. Chas H. Hale as a drummer in the three months' service, Co. H, 2nd Pa. Vol. Inf. He was first, drummer; second, company clerk; third, sergeant major; fourth, 2nd lieutenant; fifth, captain—was promoted to 2nd lieutenant March 17, 1864, to captain October 20, 1864, and held the latter rank in service at the close of the war. He served in the 3-mo. service and 3-years service. His last enlistment was with Co. G, 51st Penn'a Infantry. He was finally discharged January 1st, 1865, on account of a gun-shot wound received in battle. He participated in twenty-two engagements, the most important being Welden Railroad at Petersburg, Roanoke Island, Newbern, N. C., Camden, N. C., Elizabeth City, N. C., two days at Bull Run, Shonfilla, South Mountain, Antietam and Vicksburg. All engagements were in 9th Army corps under Generals Grant and Burnside.

He was first wounded in the left side in the charge on Antietam Bridge, and was wounded the second time at Welden Railroad.

At the close of the war he took up the duties of a private citizen and his record is no less honorable. For fourteen years he was connected with the Bellefonte & Snow Shoe Railroad and for the past twenty-four years has been agent for the P. R. R. at Milesburg. He was secretary of the Veteran Employes Association of the Pennsylvania Railroad. He was a member of the George L. Potter Post of Milesburg and the Union Veteran Legion. He was a consistent Christian and a member of the Presbyterian church.

Surviving him are his wife, whose maiden name was Annie Dixson, and the following children; Boyd H., of Coatesville, Pa.; Mrs. Dr. J. W. Lyon, of Jackson, Mich.; Gertrude, of Mansfield, Mass., Blanche and Jane at home.

The following brothers and sisters also survive: Theodore, D R. and F. D. of Pittsburg; Mrs. Martha Struble, of Altoona; Mrs. Lizzie Sprankle, of Fostoria; Mrs. Ida Parks, of Sharpsburg.

The funeral which was in charge of Gregg Post took place Wednesday afternoon. Interment in the Union cemetery at Bellefonte.

Cemetery Bequest Denied.

The bequest of $500 made the Lutheran and Reformed Cemetery Association of Boalsburg by the Misses Margaret and Nancy Sparr was denied that body by the auditor. It seems there was some difficulty about certain conditions the association refused to comply with.

About $32,000 was distributed among eight of the Reed heirs. Besides this, other bequests were made—a farm to Jacob Sparr, of Madison, Ohio, and one thousand dollars to Sarah Reed, who made her home with the maiden ladies.

FOR SALE.—A Remington rifle, calibre 45—70, good as new. Inquire of H. S. Roseman, Nittany, Pa. d&wtf

REFORMED CHURCH RE-OPENED.

Sermon by Rev. J. Spangler Keifer, D. D.

The re-opening of the Reformed church at this place Sunday was a great event in the history of this congregation, and was celebrated in an appropriate manner.

The large and handsome auditorium has been in the hands of skillful frescoers, painters, and carpenters for several weeks past. The changes they have wrought has transformed it into one of the most beautiful houses of worship in town.

The choir gallery, which was at the north-west corner of the church, has been moved immediately in the rear of the pulpit, and occupies the alcove formerly used by the minister, and the pastor's desk is now several feet nearer the congregation than heretofore. The ceiling, which was originally of a blue tint, has been changed to natural oak, which with the delicate fawn shade of the wall, and attractive border and dado, are in perfect harmony, and gives a pleasing effect. At the choir end of the church, the walls are ornamented with appropriate scriptural emblems. The pews and wainscoting have been freshened by an application of hard oil or varnish, and look like new. A new carpet has been purchased which is of a terra cotta shade, and pretty design. The church has formerly been lighted by gas, but four very neat and attractive electric light chandeliers have been suspended from the ceiling. The side lights, however, are for gas and will be used in case of emergency.

Our Reformed brethren can well be proud of their church home, as it is certainly a beautiful and imposing building both within and without, and the changes made, evince not only taste and skill, but a generous spirit on the part of the membership.

Rev. Ambrose Schmidt, the pastor, deserves a large amount of credit for having taken the initiative in making these repairs, but he was ably assisted by the officers and members of his congregation, who appreciate the efforts that Mr. Schmidt is making to keep this church up to the position which it should occupy in this community. Although their pastor has been with them but a few months he has endeared himself to them all, and in the community at large, is held in high regard by every one.

The service Sunday morning was exceedingly interesting. The music being rendered by a large choir, and a beautiful anthem was sung by Mrs. Schmidt, Mrs. Tibbens, Mr. Lukenbach and Mr. Fisher. The sermon was delivered by Rev. J. Spangler Keifer, D. D. of Hagerstown, whose father organized this congregation 66 years ago, and was for quite a time its pastor. The Rev. gentleman made a very touching allusion to this fact, and said that although at great inconvenience to himself, he was here, because he believed that it would have been the wish of his father that he should be present on this occasion. Dr. Keifer is a man of fine presence, a pleasant speaker and of great intellectuality. He took for his text the words of David as contained in the first verse of 122 psalm: "I was glad when they said unto me, Let us go into the house of the Lord." He drew a picture of the difference between the Tabernacle and Temple of the Jews and the Christian Church of today. Under the old dispensation only men could gain entrance to the temple of God, and then only thrice a year. But the house of God as established by Christ is open to every one, and is not at one place, but all over the world, and its doors are open to all. His sermon was replete with beautiful similes, showing that it was not only our duty but a blessed privilege to attend and take part in God's service, in his Sanctuary, that it is rest, health and strength to our souls, better fitting us to take up the duties of life, and to serve Christ acceptably.

We have not space to give but a mere outline of his discourse, which was listened to with the closest attention by the large congregation present.

At its conclusion, Rev. Schmidt stated that there had been sufficient money subscribed to pay for all the improvements with a balance in hand, and he asked for a liberal basket collection, to make enough to lay a stone sidewalk along the Spring Street side of their property. He then rededicated the church to the worship of God, forbidding its use to anything of a secular or worldly character.

After the benediction by Dr. Keifer the congregation was dismissed.

Dr. Keifer preached also in the evening, at which service there was a large attendance, the music being particularly fine.

—Boy wanted from 14 to 16 years of age to work in store. SIM THE CLOTHIER. 8-tf

THE MINERS' CONVENTION

Did Not Reach Vote on Proposed Plan of Settling Strike.

NEARLY 700 DELEGATES PRESENT

President Mitchell Made an Important Address to the People. Fully Explained the Situation.

THE FINAL ACTION WAS POSTPONED

WILKESBARRE, Oct. 21.—The anxiously awaited convention of the 145,000 striking miners met yesterday but did not reach a vote on the proposed plan of settlement. It is expected to do so today.

There were 662 delegates present in the Nesbit theatre, where the convention was held, and they were empowered by their local unions to cast 867 votes for or against President Roosevelt's proposed plan of arbitration. The great majority of the delegates were uninstructed, the few who were being engineers, firemen and pumpmen, who fear that the 5,000 strikers of those classes may not get back their old places now held by non-union men.

This question of the engineers, firemen and pumpmen proved the only stumbling block in the way of almost immediate adoption of the president's plan, which carries with it declaring the strike off and a general resumption of work through the 175 mile strip of the hard coal mining region.

At one time yesterday it seemed certain that the convention was about to adopt the recommendation of President Mitchell to end the strike, but the steam men's plea was too earnest and the final vote went over until today, when, it is next to certain, the vote to declare the strike off will show a big majority for it. The leaders of the strikers, except Mr. Mitchell, were hardly heard at all in the convention yesterday, the anxious engineers being allowed to give full expression to their feelings.

But today, it is predicted, the leaders will be heard, and one of them, a high district officer, said yesterday that there would not be more than fifteen votes recorded against the plan which the president of the United States has proposed to them, and all the highest officials of the Mine Workers in this region earnestly have recommended.

In a speech which he made President Mitchell said:

SPEECH BY MITCHELL.

GENTLEMEN: In opening this convention for the transaction of business, I take pleasure in extending warm greeting and welcome to the accredited representatives of the 150,000 men and boys whose heroic struggle for living wages and American conditions of employment has won the admiration of the whole civilized world. Language is inadequate to express the sense of pride I feel in you and those you represent. Your noble defense of the principles of unionism endears you to every man and every woman in our land who works for a livelihood. When the history of the struggles of the toilers shall be written, its pages will record no event more important, no principle more ably defended, no battle more bravely fought than the contest which I earnestly hope is now about to be happily ended.

I am firm in my conviction that the prompt acceptance of this proposal will secure to the anthracite coal workers, and those dependent upon them, a greater measure of justice than they could attain by continuing the conflict; I believe that the prompt acceptance of this proposition will secure to the Mine Workers a greater degree of justice than they have enjoyed in the past.

The people of our country await with anxious expectancy the result of your action yesterday; the eyes of the nation are centered upon you and friends and foes alike demand the submission of the issues involved in this strike to the tribunal nominated by the United States. That there are discordant elements in this convention, that there are dissatisfied ones at home, I am fully aware, but gentlemen, with all the earnestness of which I am possessed, I urge that you give your approval to the action of your executive officers, who have recommended acceptance of the proposition that the strike be declared off and all men are then to work in the positions and working places occupied by them prior to the inauguration of the strike and that all questions at issue be submitted for adjustment to the tribunal selected by the president of the United States.

NEW CHURCH DEDICATED.

A Gala Day for Methodism at Hannah Furnace.

Sunday, at Hannah Furnace, in the beautiful Bald Eagle valley, a large concourse of people gathered to participate in the dedicatory services of the new M. E. church, recently finished at that place. A little more than a year ago a successful grove meeting was held there by the pastor of the Port Matilda charge. The few old members of the church, together with the converts, began preparations for building a new church. The result of the laudable enterprise was the dedication of a lovely frame church, painted, papered and carpeted. It is surmounted by a large belfry. The church is built on a beautiful lot donated by Samuel Hoover, one of the prosperous farmers of Hannah.

The church is built in close proximity to the old furnace stack, which was built in the year 1828, part of which is still standing as a monument of the early industries of the Bald Eagle valley. Mr. and Mrs. Hoover royally entertained about thirty guests on Sunday. Dr. Ed. J. Gray, of Dickinson Seminary, of Williamsport, preached morning and evening to the delight of all present. Every dollar of indebtedness was pledged, and a handsome surplus toward further improvements. Prof. Chase and W. H. Lingenfelter were present and assisted in the services. The Professor had charge of the singing, and was no small factor in the raising of the amount required. The day was all that could have been desired. Rev. E. S. Latshaw, the pastor, and his good wife deserve much credit for their earnest efforts in the accomplishment of this great work.

John T. Fowler, a well known and prominent citizen of the community, took a very active part in the erection of the church. He was a member of the building committee, also is a trustee of the church.

Rev. Latshaw expects to spend the winter in the South, on account of impaired health, the effects of overwork.

General James Potter's Last Resting Place.

We always take pleasure in publishing anything of interest concerning the soldiers who fought in the War of the Revolution. We were glad last week to give a list of those who took part in that war and were buried in Centre county. General James Potter, whose name is given in that list, was perhaps the most distinguished citizen of this county who took part in that war. Unfortunately, he is not buried in Centre county. He was buried by the side of his first wife in Brown's burying-ground, four miles from Greencastle, Franklin county, Pa.

General Potter evidently expected to be buried in the Cedar Creek, or Stanford's, graveyard, near Linden Hall, in Harris township, this county, as he directs in his will that the remains of his mother and his son John, who were buried at Middle Creek, in Snyder county, should be removed to Stanford's burying-ground, where his second wife was afterwards buried.

General Potter died in November or December, 1789. His family then resided in Penn's Valley. About six weeks before his death he received a fracture of the thigh bone at a barn raising on one of his farms about two miles east of the Old Fort. In order to be under the treatment of his former family physician, Dr. McClelland, he was hauled in a Dearborn wagon all the way from Penn's Valley to the residence of his son-in-law, Captain James Poe, near Greencastle, Pa. He only lived about a month after getting there, hence his burial in Brown's burying-ground. General Potter, when a young man and during his first wife's lifetime, lived in that vicinity. The late Mrs. Samuel VanTries, deceased, of Bellefonte, was a daughter of Captain James Poe.

General Potter at his death was only sixty years of age, a broad-shouldered, stalwart man.

We are indebted to one of our subscribers for the above information.

—Miss Hawes a missionary of China will give an account of her escape in an attack of the Boxers on the Mission Station at the time of the insurrection. The story is a most thrilling one and cannot fail to interest those who listen to it. All are most cordially invited to attend the meeting in the Presbyterian chapel tomorrow, Thursday evening at half past seven.

—Never before was there such a funny little Irishman as James L. McCabe. You will agree with us if you see him in "Maloney's Wedding Day" at Garman's Opera House, on Friday evening, Oct. 24.

THE GREAT STRIKE OFF!

Questions Involved Are in the Hands of Arbitration Committee.

EVERYWHERE THERE WAS JOY

When the News was Flashed to the Towns and Villages in the Anthracite Region all Rejoiced.

ALL LOOK NOW FOR BETTER TIMES

WILKESBARRE, October 21. — With a shout that fairly shook the convention building, the representatives of the 147,000 mine workers, who have been on strike since last May, officially declared off at noon to-day the greatest contest ever waged between capital and labor, and placed all the questions involved in the struggle into the hands of the arbitration commission, appointed by the President of the United States. When the news was flashed to the towns and villages down in the valleys, and on the mountains of the coal regions, the strike-affected inhabitants heavd a sigh of relief. Many days have gone by since more welcome news was received. Everywhere there was rejoicing and in many places the end of the strike was the signal for impromptu town celebrations. The anthracite coal regions from its largest city—Scranton—down to the lowliest coal patch, has suffered by the conflict; and everyone now looks for better times. While the large army of mine workers and their families numbering approximately a half million persons, are grateful that work is to be resumed on Thursday, the strikers have still to learn what their reward will be. President Roosevelt having taken prompt action in calling the arbitration commission together for their first meeting on Friday, the miners hope they will know by Thanksgiving Day what practical gain they have made. The vote to resume coal mining was a unanimous one and was reached only after a warm debate.

The question of taking care of all men who will fail to get work immediately will be a serious one for the union. There is no doubt the executive boards will take care of the engineers, firemen and pumpmen, but there will be thousands of other classes of mine workers who will have to be looked after. In some places hundreds will not be able to get work for weeks, and in other localities where the mines are in a very bad condition there will be no employment for many workmen for months, which will carry their idleness into next year. Now that the strike is over the volume of relief money will decrease and the local unions will be compelled to call upon the national organization for assistance when the money now on hand runs out. The close of the great conflict will also end in a few days, probably with the passing of this week, the assessment now being levied on all bituminous mine workers affiliated with the union. The officials who care to talk of the situation feel confident the national body will come to the assistance and help all those who stood out during the suspension. Hundreds of men, needed to repair the mines and otherwise place them in condition for operation, will be at work to-morrow morning, the convention having decided that this was imperative in order to get the men to work quickly and satisfy the country's demand for coal. All the locals will hold meetings to-morrow, at which instructions will be given the members regarding their application for work. The proceedings in the convention indicate that there will be some friction in some of the local organizations over many little questions which will come up in connection with the men returning to the mines.

President Mitchel received many congratulatory telegrams from all over the country after the news spread that the strike was ended. On his return to headquarters he was asked for an expression of his views upon the action of the convention, and in reply he said:

"I am well pleased with the action of the anthracite mine workers in deciding to submit the issues culminating in the strike to the arbitration commission selected by the President of the United States."

—Jas. L. McCabe's "Maloney's Wedding Day" will take place at the Garman's Opera House Friday evening, October 24. It is the merriest jumble of fun and wholesome comedy ever put together. The company is headed by James L. McCabe and comes here aided by press and public as capable of amusing an audience through three acts of this brightest comedy-drama presented this season.

SHORT AND PITHY.

Every candidate on the Republican ticket in Centre county will be elected. Mark our words.

The Watchman says there is nothing wrong at Pleasant Gap so far as Kepler is concerned. We have only to say, wait and see.

It is now up to Phillip Meyer to explain why he wanted to squander $90 of the County funds last fall, in order to give the "Watchman" a job.

William "Mature" Carlin has not rented a house in Bellefonte in which to live during the next three years, and that is not all, he won't want to.

H. H. Hewitt is preeminently qualified to discharge the duties of Recorder, and the voters will attend to seeing that he is elected to that office.

Why does'nt Hibner, the Democratic candidate for Congress, make a canvass among the men employed at the two furnaces here? Would'nt he meet with a fine reception?

No, No don't for a moment think that J. N. Schoonover has given up hope of being elected. That is only a vagary of Charley Kurtz. Mr. Schoonover will be elected with the balance of the ticket.

The Democratic press urge the Republicans to vote for W. C. Heinle because he is a friend of the soldiers, and at the same time beg them to vote against Abram V. Miller, one of the bravest soldiers of the Civil War.

Of course, Alex. Archey is an efficient, courteous, faithful and money saving official, but Earle Tuten will serve the people just as acceptably. The only difference between the gentlemen is that Alex. is rich and Earle is poor.

The "Democrat" says that every body knows how Kepler and Wetzel will vote if sent to the Legislature. We grant this, for they could not do anything else than vote for Democratic measures everytime. The people of Centre County don't want this.

Vote for Allison and Pontius. We want honest and fair minded auditors to examine the accounts of the present board of Commissioners. They will bear close scrutiny next spring. We are a little skered of Philip Meyer since the exposure made by Brother Harter in relation to the job of printing the ballots last fall.

We don't care who Capt. Taylor is; whether he is poor or rich; whether he has a large family or small one; we do know that he is a lawyer, and trying to usurp the office of sheriff, which if he succeeds in doing, will remove it for all time to come, beyond the reach of the common people. Citizens of Centre county will you submit?

As soon as the "Penns Valley voter" who has so much sympathy for William M. Allison, gets through condoling that gentleman's failure in receiving the nomination for Assembly, he had better write a few letters explaining the sentiment of the people at Spring Mills, towards Commissioner Philip Meyer for not having the bridge built at that place.

What effort did Robert "Everytime" Pattison make towards ending the coal strike? or what did any other Democrat do towards reconciling the differences between operator and miner? Nothing. The honor of bringing about a settlement belongs to President Roosevelt, and the Democratic papers are finding fault with him for using his efforts in that direction.

Je-ru-sa-lem. The Democrats say we ought to vote for Hon. W. C. Heinle, because a Republican Legislature appropriated $10,000 for Gov. Curtin's Memorial, and then they say we ought to vote for Philip H. Meyer because as commissioner he refused to appropriate $10,000 for the Soldiers' monument in Centre county which appropriation had been approved by two grand jurys, and the court.

Brother Meek were you not laboring under a mistake when you stated last week that Capt. Taylor's income was derived solely from his salary as manager of the Bellefonte Gas and Steam Company, and from the office of tax collector? Had you forgotten that Capt. Taylor is a member of the law firm of "Taylor and Johnston" with a suite of large handsome offices in Temple Court? We will inform you that although their advertisement was removed from the Court House for political purposes, this firm of "Taylor and Johnston" is still engaged in the practice of law.

Additional Locals.

—Good morning! Have your used anthracite coal?

—Every time Russel Sage sneezes the market has a chill.

—Yes, we have heard of Jim Dumps, but we are looking for coal dumps.

—The newspaper is the greatest educational force of the times. What responsibility!

Poets are born, not made. Very true, they also bear a great deal and make very little.

—Wicked reporters when they die are condemned to reincarnation as society editors.

—"Hitch your wagon to a star." Emerson's advice does not refer to theatrical celebrities.

—The engagement is announced of Miss Antoinette Dunbar of Boston, Mass., to Joseph Downing Mitchell, of Burnham, Pa.

—There was a slight fire at Gowlands foundry at Philipsburg Tuesday night about 12 o'clock. The damage was very light.

—Linn Bottorf, the P. R. R., agent at Julian, has been offered the agency at Curwensville and is seriously thinking of accepting the same.

—Mr. and Mrs. Edward Eckenroth are rejoicing over the arrival of a bouncing baby boy who came to their home Wednesday morning. Congratulations are now in order.

—They are using horse chestnuts in Connecticut for fuel. The nuts are dried in a loft, and in burning give a good fire. We would prefer, however, to burn the strike chestnuts.

—Miss Lottie Bartley, aged 19 years, died at Bellwood Wednesday morning from an overdose of laudanum. She had been in the habit of swallowing the drug to relieve neuralgia.

—John Wilson, the Western Union operator at this place, was noticeable on our streets today for the first time since his recent attack of typhoid fever. He is now on the rapid road to recovery which is good news to his many friends and acquaintances.

—Jenkin Hill, of Reading, Pa., was elevated this week to the office of Grand Supreme Chief of the Knights of the Golden Eagle, the supreme session of which will be held in Portland, Me. This will place him at the head of the order in the United States.

—Mr. Al C. Derr, who for the past nine years has been connected with the REPUBLICAN office, most of the time as foreman, has resigned his position and Monday accepted a similar position with the *Centre Democrat*. Mr. Derr is a good workman, an expert job printer and a sober and industrious young man. His fellow employees at the REPUBLICAN office wish him success in whatever capacity he may be called upon to fill in the future.

—In another column will be found a modest notice announcing the engagement of our friend Joseph Downing Mitchell to Miss Antoinette Dunbar, of Boston. We congratulate Joe, on his bravery in taking this step, and from our knowledge of him, are sure he did not do so without due consideration, and we congratulate Miss Dunbar on having pledged her heart and hand to such a worthy young man, who in this community, where he is known, commands the highest respect of every one.

—Captains Urbin and Donersburg arrived Wednesday to take charge of the work of the Salvation Army and will hold indoor meetings every evening in the Hall and out door meetings when the weather will permit. These ladies have just returned from the Congress in New York which was conducted by Gen. Wm. Booth founder of the Salvation Army. Captain Donersburg our readers will remember was one of the officers who originally inaugurated this movement in Bellefonte.

Vanderbilts at Clearfield.

The Raftsman's Journal in noting the visit of William K. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Vanderbilt and other members of the family to Clearfield last Sunday, says their train stood in the yard for over an hour, during which time Mr. Vanderbilt and the general manager walked over to the new round house and inspected it and the new turn-table. The ladies of the party, dressed richly and modestly, left the car and walked over the ties to where the Italians were laying track and watched them for a few minutes with much interest.

Mr. Vanderbilt was modestly dressed in a gray suit, sack coat and slouch hat, and only for the diamonds shining in his shirt front and upon his finger, he would not have been taken for the richest man in New York.

The doors of the Vanderbilt car are trimmed with gold and the interior is a picture of wealth and luxury.

America's famous Beauties.

Look with horror on Skin Eruptions, Blotches, Sores, Pimples. They don't have them, nor will any one, who uses Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It glorifies the face. Eczema or Salt Rheum vanish before it. It cures sore lips, chapped hands, chilblains. Infallible for piles. 25c at Green's Pharmacy.

DEATH ON TRAIN.

Sudden Demise of a P. & E. Official on Valley Train.

G. M. Davis, a prominent citizen of Williamsport, died suddenly on the Bald Eagle Valley mail train about the time it passed Julian Tuesday evening shortly after 5 o'clock, on the way to Tyrone.

Mr. Davis was chief car inspector of the Philadelphia and Erie division of the Pennsylvania railroad, with headquarters at Williamsport, and was aged about 55 years. He was on his way to Altoona when he met his tragic end.

To a friend whom he met at Lock Haven he remarked that he should not have taken the trip as he had not been feeling altogether well. This friend was a fellow-passenger and occupied the seat opposite Mr. Davis on the Bald Eagle Valley train. As the train passed Julian he noticed that Mr. Davis' head swung to the side slightly and his foot twitched nervously. A second later the unfortunate man's head dropped forward. When Conductor Hallgan and a physician who was on the train reached Mr. Davis he was already dead. Heart disease probably caused his demise.

The remains were given in charge of Undertaker Samuel Graham at Tyrone and were prepared for burial. They were shipped on the Wednesday morning train to the home of the deceased at Williamsport.

WILLING TO DO JURY DUTY.

Centre County Citizens Desire to Assist in Improving Jury System.

Judge Evans, who is in charge of the filling of the jury wheel for next year, is of the opinion that there are some wonderful men in Centre county. Tuesday he received a letter from that county, signed by a man who announced that he was "a citizen." The "citizen" enclosed the names of six other "citizens," residents of Centre county, "competent to serve as jurors in Allegheny county."

The answers to the circulars sent out by Judge Evans are coming in rapidly, and next year's list of jurors will probably be without precedent in this county. Judge Evans has been the recipient of several letters in which the writers congratulate the judge upon his effort to improve the jury system, and then add, "please find my name enclosed." All voluntary applications will be turned down, it is said. —Pittsburg Gazette.

A MORNING WEDDING.

Orian A. Kline and Miss Lillian May Gehret United in Marriage.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. William Gehret on East Bishop street was the scene of a very pretty wedding event Thursday morning when their youngest daughter, Miss Lillian May Gehret was united in the holy bonds of wedlock to Orian Allen Kline, a son of Harrison Kline. The ceremony took place promptly at 11 o'clock and was performed by Rev. Wilford P. Shriner D. D., of the Methodist Episcopal church. There were about fifty guests in attendance and a delightful wedding breakfast was served after the ceremony.

The bride was attired in white crystallini with the bodice elaborately tucked and the skirt trimmed with two deep pleatings. She carried a bouquet of white chrysanthemums.

The maid of honor was Miss Jane Koontz, who was dressed in white Paris muslin and carried La France roses. Helen Love, a dainty little Miss was the flower girl. She wore pink organdy and carried an armful of white chysanthemums. The groom's attendant was Prof. Jonas E. Wagner.

The bride and groom departed on the 1:05 train Thursday for their honeymoon which they will spend at Buffalo and Niagara Falls. Upon their return they will make their home with the bride's parents until spring.

The bride and groom are both graduates of the Bellefonte High school. The groom is employed as a bookkeeper with the firm of Potter & Hoy.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

On Which Side Are You.

Boards of health find themselves dealing with two distinct classes of people. One class appreciates its position and in every way endeavors to lessen the danger of spreading a contagious disease; take every precaution asked, and act the part of rational beings, and good citizens. They have the sincere sympathy of every one.

The other class are directly the opposite. Every restriction placed upon them is rebelled against, and no attempt whatever is made to respect the wishes of the people in general. An epidemic is averted, but it can not be credited to those who flagrantly violated every regulation not rigidly enforced by authority.

A board of health is not a body calculated to inflict punishment, but it is a body to which the public looks for the enforcement of sanitary laws and regulations, and protection against disease, and those who by misfortune happen to be placed under quarantine or other sanitary regulations should willingly, and ordinarily do, forgo any inconvenience for the public good.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Scrofula

Few are entirely free from it.

It may develop so slowly as to cause little if any disturbance during the whole period of childhood.

It may then produce irregularity of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, catarrh, and marked tendency to consumption before manifesting itself in much cutaneous eruption or glandular swelling.

It is best to be sure that you are quite free from it, and for its complete eradication you can rely on

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best of all medicines for all humors.

Wild Game Captured Wednesday.

The result of Wednesday's hunting expedition by our various sportsmen, was exceedingly flattering, at least from the reports (?) received from the different nimrods, who spent the day in the woods. They all report game in abundance, especially turkeys and squirrels. We have been told of several turkeys being brought to town, but have failed to see any of them. Judge Love and County Detective Rightnour succeeded in bagging, begging or buying two fine turkeys, but from the hurried manner in which they were taken through the streets and hid from view in their respective homes impels us to believe that they were not so wild as timid, Robert Morris exhibited in the Bush House office a turkey and pheasant, the pheasant he sent to an invalid lady in town, and we understand the turkey was taken to a sick man in Milesburg, thus establishing an enviable record for generosity. Harry Shreyer was fortunate enough to secure a turkey for a fair consideration. John Bower was so successful as to land two quail and one crow. What in the world he wants with the crow we do not understand, unless it is his purpose to keep it until after the election and share it with his friends. Joe Thal bagged six squirrels and Robert Wian seven. Jake Knisely secured two pheasants and five squirrels. Oliver Whitmer was lucky enough to get one turkey, which will make a fine Sunday dinner for himself and family. Jim Murray and Harry Diehl brought home eleven squirrels, and George Gross two woodcock. Drs. Fisher and Parrish secured two, but failed to state what the two consisted of, but more than probable they were two chestnuts.

Frank Clemson and Hard P. Harris who had made elaborate preparations, reported Wednesday night, that they had not shot anything, but did not tell us the reason of their failure.

There were many other hunters out whom we have been unable to see, but judge they were about as successful as those who reported to us.

Death of Winfield Scott Tate.

Winfield Scott Tate, a well known citizen of Pleasant Gap, died at his home in that place Thursday morning of cancer of the liver. He was aged 57 years and was a veteran of the civil war having served in the 148th Pennsylvania Volunteers. He is survived by a wife and ten children.

The funeral took place Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Services at the house and interment in the Lutheran cemetery.

Edward Irvin's Pardon Refused.

Edward Irvin, of Baileyville, the young man who was sentenced to the penitentiary for causing the death of Miss Ella McWilliams, of Pine Grove Mills, applied for a pardon through his attorneys, Col. Wilbur F. Reeder and W. E. Gray, Esq. The case was argued this week before the Pardon Board at Harrisburg. E. R. Chambers, Esq., and Dis. Att'y Spangler represented the Commonwealth. Thursday night the Board of Pardons handed down their decision, refusing the pardon and sustaining the sentence.

A New Secretary for the Y. M. C. A.

L. B. Hindman, of New Brighton, has accepted the position of general secretary of the Bellefonte Y. M. C. A., to succeed Frank Gamel, who left for his new field at Hazleton Monday.

Mr. Hindman will be here to take charge on November 1st and in the meantime the rooms will be kept open by the Assistant Secretary, Lee Walker.

Mr. Hindman comes to Bellefonte highly recommended and we predict a bright future for him in the Y. M. C. A. work here.

Two Days' Racing.

The Huntingdon County Fair Association have decided to give two days of racing, October 22 and 23. The clean fair which the Association gave in September is a guarantee of clean races in October. The purses offered are large enough to ensure the attendance of good horses and the public will, doubtless, show its appreciation of the management's successful effort to give the best fair ever given in Huntingdon county by a liberal patronage of its effort to give the best races.

The fair caused a great loss to the Association, owing entirely to weather conditions, but they have made no complaint, and are endeavoring to make up for the disappointment of the public at the fair by giving a specially attractive card at the races.

—"Worth makes the man and want of it the fellow." The "good fellow" is usually a compound of easy manners, easy morals, easy drinking—in fact he is dead easy.

STRIKE IS OFF!

Result of a Late Conference Held Last Night at Temporary White House.

COMMISSION HAS BEEN APPOINTED

It Consists of Six Persons and the President Named Them Early This Morning.

CLERGY, LAW AND BUSINESS THEREON

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The prolonged anthracite coal strike is not yet practically settled, but some progress was made Wednesday, and while there remains certain obstacles to be removed, these, in the language of Secretary Root, it is believed, can be resolved and a termination of the strike finally secured. The principal of these obstacles is the composition of the proposed Commission, or Board, to arbitrate the differences between the miners and operators.

Mr. Mitchell indicated formally to President Roosevelt that the Mine Workers' Union dissent from the restrictions placed by the operators on the choice of the proposed arbitration tribunal and desires the President to have an absolutely free hand in the selection of members of the Commission to be charged with an adjustment of future relations between the employers and employed.

At the first conference, which lasted from 11:50 a. m. to 1:55 p. m., the President and Mr. Mitchell discussed fully the proposition made by the operators for an arbitration commission.

Mr. Mitchell in his counter proposition insisted that President Roosevelt be given a free hand in the selection of the Board of Arbitration, and that the terms under which the operators propose to create that board be remodeled, at least to some extent. It is understood also that the wording of the mine operators' proposition, omitting any reference to the Miners' Union, does not meet Mr. Mitchell's approval.

After the conference with Mr. Mitchell and some further conference with representatives of the coal operators, the President has appointed the members of the commission to inquire into, consider and pass upon all questions at issue between the operators and miners in the anthracite coal fields.

Brigadier General John M. Wilson, United States army, retired, (late of engineers, U. S. A.,) Washington, as an officer of the engineer corps of either the military or navy service of the United States.

Mr. E. W. Parker, Washington, D. C., as an expert mining engineer. Mr. Parker is chief statistician of the coal division of the United States geological survey and the editor of the Engineering and Mining Journal, of New York.

Hon. George Gray, of Wilmington, Del., as a judge of a United States court.

Mr. E. E. Clark, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, grand chief of the Order of Railway Conductors, as a sociologist, the president assuming that for the purpose of such a commission the term "sociologist" means a man who has thought and studied deeply on social questions and has practically applied his knowledge.

Mr. Thos. H. Watkins, Scranton, Pa., as a man practically acquainted with the mining and selling of coal.

Bishop John L. Spalding, Peoria, Ill.

The president has adding Bishop Spalding's name to the commission.

Hon. Carroll D. Wright has been appointed recorder of the commission.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO, Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Will Ship Evaporated Apples.

The Centre Hall Evaporating and Canning factory this week will ship two car loads of evaporated apples—one car from the Coburn and one car from the Centre Hall plant. Each car represents the product of about three thousand bushels of apples. The evaporated product is comparatively low in price this year and if the company is left a margin at all it will be quite small.

—At least we have company. There is a great strike on in Switzerland, and the French coal miners are strikin..

Where Is Your Boy.

Do you know where your boy is at night? There are swarms of small boys on the streets of this town at night, and sometimes as late as 10 and 11 o'clock. Boys should be at home and in bed by 9 o'clock, and a better way should be to require them to be in the house at dark. Mischief of all kinds lurks in the darkness, and if your boy does not get into mischief tonight he may tomorrow night "Oh, I can trust my boy anywhere," you say. Pardon us. Your boy is no better than other boys, and if he prefers to roam the streets at night to sitting down at home he is not as good as some boys. All boys are good boys naturally, and it is neglect and lack of proper restraint on the part of the parents that makes them bad boys, in a majority of cases. See that your boy is at home after dark, or know just where he is.—Ex.

It is exasperating to one who knows Foley's Honey and Tar, and knows what it will do, to have a dealer recommend something else as "just the same" or "just as good" for colds, coughs, croup, la grippe, etc. C. M. Parrish.

A Card.

The manufacturers of Banner Salve have authorized the undersigned to guarantee it for burns, cuts, sores, ulcers, tetter, eczema and all skin diseases. You have your money back if it doesn't do all it claims. C. M. Parrish.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure
Digests what you eat.
C. M. Parrish

Foley's Honey and Tar for children, safe, sure. No opiates.
C. M. Parrish.

Forty Years' Torture.

To be relieved from a torturing disease after 40 years' torture might well cause the gratitude of anyone. That is what DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve did for C. Haney, Geneva, O. He says "DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured me of piles after I had suffered 40 years." Cures cuts, burns wounds, skin diseases. Beware of counterfeits. Parrish's Drug Store.

For Over Sixty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cure wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Brazilian Balm
Cures Asthma, Catarrh.
50¢ — $1.00

Foley's Kidney Cure.

Is a pure medicine, and contains in concentrated form, remedies recognized by the most skilful of the medical profession as the most effective agents for the cure of kidney and bladder diseases. C. M. Parrish.

"I have always used Foley's Honey and Tar cough medicine and think it the best in the world." says Chas Bender, a newsdealer of Erie, Pa. Take no substitute. C. M. Parrish.

Bright's Disease.

High living, intemperance, exposure and many other things bring on Bright's disease. Foley's Kidney Cure will prevent Bright's disease and all other kidney or bladder disorders if taken in time. Take nothing else. C. M. Parrish.

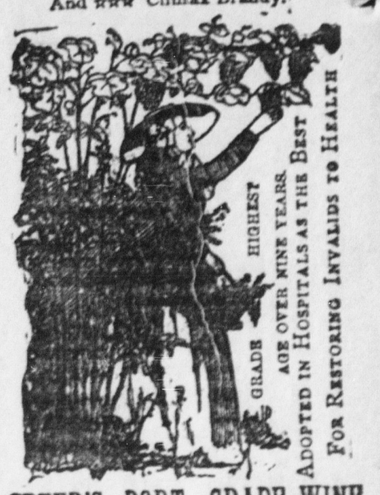
To Stop a Cold.

After exposure or when you feel a cold coming on take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar. It never fails to stop a cold if taken in time. C. M. Parrish.

Turned Flip Flop Down an Embankment.

Mrs. Hawes, wife of J. W. Hawes, of Windber, was carried over a ten foot embankment by a frightened horse. During the descent the buggy turned completely over and landed right side up; the horse likewise turned a flip flop and lit on all-fours. Mrs. Hawes sustained a fracture of her right arm.

SPEER'S
GRAPE WINES
ALSO
UNFERMENTED GRAPE JUICE
And ★★★ Climax Brandy.



SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE
NINE YEARS OLD.

THIS CELEBRATED WINE is the pure juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in Speer's vineyards, and left hanging until they shrink and partly raisin before gathering. It is invaluable

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

are unsurpassed by any other wines in the world, being produced under Mr. Speer's personal supervision, at his own vineyards, the past forty years. Its purity and genuineness are guaranteed by the principal Hospitals and Boards of Health who have examined it. It is particularly beneficial to the aged, debilitated and the weaker sex. In every respect it is A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

[See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic, N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.]

Speer's (Socialite) Claret

Is held in high estimation for its richness as a Dry Table Wine, specially suited for dinner use.

Speer's P. J. Sherry

Is a wine of Superior Character and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made.

Speer's ★★★ Climax Brandy

IS A PURE distillation of the grape, and stands unrivaled in this country for medicinal purposes, and equal in every respect to the best grade Old Cognac Brandies of France, from which it cannot be distinguished

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS WHO KEEP FIRST CLASS WINES.

This will save your Life.
By inducing you to use
Dr. King's New Discovery,
....For....
Consumption, Coughs and Colds.
The only **Guaranteed Cure.**
NO Cure. NO Pay. Your Druggist will warrant it.
ABSOLUTELY CURES
Grip, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Pneumonia, or any Affection of the Throat and Lungs.
TRIAL BOTTLES FREE.
Regular Size 50 cents and $1.00.
Green's Pharmacy.

Duff's College
Has unsurpassed facilities for giving a Business Education, and placing Students when trained. Circulars on application.
Pittsburg, Pa.

REVIVO
RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address
Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.
Sold by C. M. Parrish.

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign
PATENTS
Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write to
C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opposite U. S. Patent Office
WASHINGTON D. C.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE FARMER

For Every Member of Every Family.

Established in 1841, for over sixty years it was the NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE, known and read in every State in the Union.

On November 7, 1901, it was changed to the

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE FARMER

a high class, up-to-date, illustrated agricultural weekly, for the farmer and his family—

Price $1.00

a year, but you can buy it for less. How?

By subscribing through your own favorite home newspaper, THE REPUBLICAN, Bellefonte, Pa.

Both papers one year for only $1.50.

Send your order and money to THE REPUBLICAN.

Sample copy free. Send your address to NEW YORK TRIBUNE FARMER, New York City.

American Perfumes

When it comes to QUALITY the American Perfumes have it—although some still cling to the foreign names, liking anything "foreign" whether it has real superiority or not. We are showing the favorite and new odors of Colgate, Palmer, Wright, Reiger, Stearns, Spiehler, and other leading American Perfumes—and invite you to come here for your perfumes. Of course, we handle the imported Perfumes also and should be pleased to supply you.

Green's Pharmacy,

BUSH HOUSE BLOCK, Bellefonte, Pa.

Wine For Weakly Persons.

Weakly persons use Speer's Port Grape Wine, unfermented Grape Juice or Speer's Burgundy. It gives tone and strength to the system. It is superior to all other wines.

A Parson's Noble Act.

"I want all the world to know," writes Rev. C. J. Budlong, of Ashaway, R. I., "what a thoroughly good and reliable medicine I found in Electric Bitters. They cured me of jaundice and liver troubles that had caused me great suffering for many years. For a genuine, all-around cure they excel anything I ever saw." Electric Bitters are the surprise of all for their wonderful work in liver, kidney and stomach troubles. Don't fail to try them. Only 50 cts. Satisfaction guaranteed by Green's Pharmacy.

His Life In Peril.

"I just seemed to have gone all to pieces," writes Alfred Bee, of Welfare, Tex, biliousness and lame back had made life a burden. I couldn't eat or sleep and felt almost too worn out to work when I began to use Electric Bitters, but they worked wonders. Now I sleep like a top, can eat anything, have gained in strength and enjoy hard work." They give vigorous health and new life to weak, sickly, run-down people. Try them. Only 50c at Green's Pharmacy.

Out of Death's Jaws.

"When death seemed very near from a severe stomach and liver trouble, that I had suffered with for years," writes P. Muse, Durham, N. C., "Dr. King's New Life Pills saved my life and gave perfect health." Best pills on earth and only 25c at Green's Pharmacy.

It Heals the Lungs.

When suffering from a racking cough, take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar. The soreness will be relieved and a warm, grateful feeling and healing of the parts effected will be experienced. Take no substitute, C. M. Parrish.

Look Out For Fever.

Billiousness and liver disorders at this season may be prevented by cleansing the system with De Witt's Little Early Risers. These famous little pills do not gripe. They move the bowels gently, but copiously, and by reason of the tonic properties, give tone and strength to the glands. Parrish's Drug Store.

—Every time you cough take 10 drop of Brazilian Balm 50 doses 25c. It's magic.

Natural Anxiety.

Mothers regard approaching winter with uneasiness, children take cold so easily. No disease costs more little lives than croup. It's attack is so sudden that the sufferer is often beyond human aid before the doctor arrives. Such cases yield readily to One Minute Cough Cure. Liquifies the mucus, allays inflammation removes danger. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Cures coughs, colds, grip, bronchitis, all throat and lung troubles. F. S. McMahon, Hampton, Ga: "A bad cold rendered me voiceless just before an oratorical contest. I intended to withdraw but took One Minute Cough Cure. It restored my voice in time to win the medal." Parrish's Drug Store.

Between the ages of fifteen and forty five, the time when womanhood begins and motherhood ends, it is estimated that the aggregate term of woman's suffering is ten years. Ten years out of thirty? One third of the best part of a woman's life sacrified? Think of the enormous loss of time? But time is not all that is lost. Those years of suffering steal the bloom from the cheeks, the brightness from the eyes, the fairness from the form. They write their record in many a crease and wrinkle. What a boom then to woman, is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. it promotes perfect regularity, dries up debilitating drains, heals ulceration, cures female weakness, and establishes the delicate womanly organs in vigorous and permanent health. No other medicine can do for woman what is done by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THESE ARE THE REASONS WHY
DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS
LEAD THE WORLD:

Founded on common sense—Years of study and experience—Devoid of all substance injurious—Purely vegetable in composition—Contain no opiates or narcotics—Easy and pleasant in action—Thorough in effect, certain in results—Safe in all ages, at all times—And in all conditions recommended—The product of a master mind—The life work of the famous author of DR. CHASE'S RECIPE BOOK.

SYMPTOMS

Restless, languid, Weak and weary, No life—no energy, no ambition, Tired all the time, Throbbing, palpitating heart, Sleepless nights, Sudden startings, Morning languor, Brain fag, Inability to work or think, Exhaustion on exertion, Flagging appetite, Slow digestion, Food heavy. Easily excited, nervous, Strength fails. Trembling hands and limbs. Loss of flesh, Loss of muscular power, Settled melancholia, Irritable, despondent, Complete collapse.

ALLEGHENY ST.

Soloman Garrett, of 301 Allegheny St., Bellefonte, Pa., says: "I had been feeling very much run down and poorly for a long time. My head ached a great deal and I felt tired all over. I was also bothered with sleeplessness at night. I saw A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills so highly recommended I got a box at Krumrine's drug store and they did me a great deal of good I felt first rate after using them and have no hesitation in recommending them to others."

A NERVE TONIC NEVER EQUALED

THIS SHAPED BOX - NO OTHER

ALTOONA, PA.

Mrs. C. Kelly, of 1408 Sixteenth avenue, Altoona, Pa., says: "I found Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills very fine. I had trouble with my heart—irregular in action and a soreness about it. This was due to the nervous system being out of order and run down. I was told of Nerve Pills and get some. Their tonic power soon showed—the heart acts steadily again—no pain or soreness, and the nerves in good shape again. The medicine is a grand nerve and general tonic."

Beware of Imitations.—Signature and portrait of Dr. A. W. Chase on each box of the genuine. For sale by dealers, 50c. a box, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., 257 Washington street, Buffalo. N. Y.

Piles In order to prove to you that Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for any form of itching, bleeding, or protruding piles, the manufacturers guarantee a cure. You can use it and if not cured get your money back. *Mr. Casper Walton, laborer, Michigan City, Ind.*, says: "I work hard and lift a great deal. The strain brought on an attack of piles. They itched and they protruded and bled. Nothing helped them until I used Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment. That cured them." 50c. a box at all dealers, or DR. A. W. CHASE MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment

College

...ised facilities for giving a Business ...and placing Students when ...ulars on application.

...DUFF & SONS, Pittsburg, Pa.

KIDNEY DISEASES are the most fatal of all diseases.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE Is a Guaranteed Remedy or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the *best* for Kidney and Bladder troubles.

PRICE 50c. and $1.00.

C. M. Parrish.

At one **HALF THE COST**

Lion Coffee

has better strength and flavor than many so-called "fancy" brands.

Bulk coffee at the same price is not to be compared with Lion in quality.

In 1 lb. air tight, sealed packages.

Things Better Left Unsaid.

Under the caption "The Art of Putting Things" an English author has given some very amusing examples of saying things in a queer way. One of the most unfortunate recorded attempts to escape from a conversational difficulty was made by an east end curate who cultivated the friendship of mechanics.

One day a carpenter came to him and said, "I have brought my boy's likeness, as you said you'd like to have it."

"How good of you to remember it!" said the curate. "What a capital likeness! How is he?"

"Why, sir, don't you remember?" said the carpenter. "He's dead."

"Oh, yes, of course I know that," replied the curate. "I mean how's the man that took the photograph?"

A story is told of a young laborer who on his way to his day's work called at the registrar's office to register his father's death. When the official asked the date of the event, the son replied:

"He ain't dead yet, but he'll be dead before night, so I thought it would save me another journey if you would put it down now."

"Oh, but that won't do at all!" said the registrar. "Perhaps your father will live till tomorrow."

"Well, I don't know, sir. The doctor says as he won't, and he knows what he has given him!"

Quit quarreling with your neighbors, and the judges and lawyers will soon cease to run everything, as at present.—Atchison Globe.

The Woman With a Baby.

"Chivalry will not die so long as there remains the woman with the baby," remarked the philosopher.

"This nonsense about the pretty girl always getting a seat in a car is mere twaddle. Just look through any car you are in and you will see the pretty girl with the modish gown standing, and the dressmaker's errand girl with the long box will be seated.

"The prettiest girl in New York doesn't stand the ghost of a chance if she enters a car by the side of a woman with a baby. Makes no difference what sort of a woman she is either. That baby is her passport to a seat.

"In a Madison avenue car the other day two young women who looked as if they would have been more at home in a hansom entered the car, and not a seat was offered. At the next crossing a miserable looking woman hobbled in. She was fat and ugly and dirty, but she carried a baby—a red faced, squint eyed baby too. Immediately a gentleman arose from his seat. Not only that, but he grasped her elbow and steadied her when the car started off.

"I'll bet those two stunning girls up in front didn't see the beauty of the thing. They will probably add their little grumble to the general uproar about the selfishness of man."—New York Herald.

A Miraculous Spring.

The "holy well" from which Holywell, in north Wales, gets its name has been famous throughout the whole country for centuries. The legend runs that St. Winifred lived near the spring and endowed it with the power of relieving all ailments, and ever since history began to be writ in Wales hosts of people, most of them Roman Catholics, have journeyed from all parts in the hope of being cured of their respective maladies. The spring is surrounded by a small chapel which is supposed to have been built by Margaret, mother of King Henry. The candidate for cure enters and kneels on a stone ledge beside the water, and then, according to the cherished legend, whatever ailed him once thereafter ails him no more. Any one who visits the little chapel at almost any time in the year will find it full of the lame, the halt and the blind, most of them people of the poorer classes, and the villagers of Holywell tell of endless miraculous cures that have taken place before their astonished eyes.

Royalty and Profanity.

William the Conqueror did not introduce swearing into England, but he brought with him a very forcible oath. William was accustomed to swear "by the splendor of God," and on such occasions he combined with it the "terrible aspect of the eyes," which always took the place of swearing in the case of Sir Joseph Porter, K. C. B. After William's time the rulers of England, with possibly here and there an exception, swore with great frequency and vigor. It is related that even Queen Bess, whose auburn locks did not belie a fiery temper, would break into a string of expletives that would rattle the royal windows and frighten the household and royal attendants from all sense of diplomatic recourse.—London Tatler.

The Good Time Coming.

"Jerry," said Fleharty, "phwat is the manin' of this worrud 'millinnium?'"

"It manes that glad time a-comin'," said Jerry, "whin ivery man will be his own boss an' shtuck on his job."—Indianapolis News.

Possibilities of the Feet.

If instead of the cramping imprisonment of boots and shoes the feet from infancy were allowed a free and natural development, it may be questioned whether under such conditions it might not be rendered capable of performing other functions besides those of locomotion and sustaining the weight of the body. Certain at least it is that some unlucky mortals born without arms have managed to use a knife, fork, spoon, pen, paintbrush and even a violin bow.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Kodol Digests what you Eat

Dyspepsia Cure

People once thought that the only way to cure indigestion was to stop eating. The trouble with such treatment is, that to stop eating is to stop living. KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE has changed the whole method of treating this complaint. It contains all the natural digestive fluids and digests all you eat without aid from the stomach, so you can eat all the good food you want and be cured of your trouble at the same time.

"I have been troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia for several years and often sat down to eat but had to give it up after eating only two bites. I used two bottles of KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE and am alright to-day. Can now eat anything I want. W. L. Easton, Audubon, Iowa."

It can't help but do you good

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

When you suffer from biliousness or constipation, use the famous little liver pills known as **DeWitt's Little EARLY RISERS.** They never gripe.

PARRISH'S DRUG STORE

Railroad Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES Schedule in effect May 25, 1902.

Via Tyrone—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.05 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.20 p m, at Altoona 3.19 p m, at Pittsburg 6.55 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 6.50 p m, at Pittsburg 10 45 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.05, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philidelphia 5.47 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.20 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m

Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 9.45 p m

Via Lock Haven—Westward.

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.10 p m, at Buffalo 7.40 p m

Leave Bellefonte 8.16 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.15 p m, arrive at Buffalo 7.35 a m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.

Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12.40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m

Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.10 p m, arrive at Williamsport 2.45 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 5.00 p m, Philadelphia 7.32 p m

Leave Bellefonte 8.16 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.15 p m, leave Williamsport 1.35 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 4.15 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 7.22 a m

Via Lewisburg.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.

Leave Bellefonte 2.15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.42, at Harrisburg 6.50 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.

J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

B. HUTCHINSON, Gener al Manager

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVAnia Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after May 25, 1902.

Westward. 55	53	51		50	Eastward 52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
5 45	12 10	8 55	....Lock Haven..	10 30	2 10	9 15
5 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....	10 22	2 04	9 09
4 02	12 26	9 12	...Beech Creek..	10 11	1 54	8 58
4 06	12 29	9 15	.....Eagleville...	10 08	1 51	8 55
4 14	12 38	9 24	.....Howard.....	9 59	1 43	8 46
4 20		9 30	...Mount Eagle...	9 53	1 38	8 40
4 25	12 48	9 34	.....Curtin.....	9 49	1 34	8 36
4 32	12 55	9 41	.....Milesburg.....	9 41	1 24	8 28
4 44	1 05	9 58	.....Bellefonte,....	9 32	1 05	8 16
4 53	1 14	10 01	....Milesburg	9 18	1 24	8 08
4 56	1 22	10 04	...Snow Shoe Int...	9 15	1 22	8 06
5 03	1 28	10 11	....Unionville.....	9 07	1 15	7 57
5 12	1 36	10 20	.....Julian	8 58	1 08	7 48
5 21	1 41	10 28	.....Martha.....	8 49	1 01	7 39
5 28	1 50	10 35	...Port Matilda...	8 42	12 55	7 32
5 35	1 56	10 41	.....Hannah.....	8 35	12 49	7 25
5 37	1 58	10 43	.....Fowler.....	8 33	12 47	7 23
5 40	2 00	10 45	.....Dix.....	8 30	12 45	7 20
5 46	2 06	10 51	...Bald Eagle....	8 24	12 39	7 14
5 50	2 10	11 55	.....Vail	8 20	12 35	7 10
5 54	2 14	M 59	...East Tyrone...	8 16	12 31	7 06
6 00	2 20	11 05	.....Tyrone.....	8 10	12 25	7 00
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD Time table in effect May 25, 1902

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS.	MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
6 50	3 30	8 20	..... Tyrone	8 55	11 20	5 50
6 56	3 31	8 26	...East Tyrone..	8 49	11 14	5 44
6 58		8 28	.....Tyrone S.....		11 12	5 42
7 01	3 35	8 31	..... Vail	8 45	11 09	5 39
7 11	3 46	8 42	...Vanscoyoc....	8 38	11 02	5 32
7 15	3 50	8 47	.....Gardner	8 35	10 59	5 29
7 24	3 59	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant..	8 27	10 51	5 21
7 30	4 06	9 05	.....Summit	8 20	10 44	5 14
7 34	4 10	9 09	...Sandy Ridge..	8 14	10 38	5 10
7 36	4 12	9 11	.....Retort	8 11	10 35	5 07
7 38	4 14	9 12	..... Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 05
7 48	4 24	9 21	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	4 57
			.Osceola Junct	7 57	10 20	4 52
7 54	4 28	9 26	..... .Boynton	7 54	10 17	4 49
7 58	4 30	9 31	..... .Steiners	7 50	10 12	4 45
8 02	4 35	9 40	...Philipsburg ...	7 48	10 12	4 40
8 06	4 45	9 45	.....Graham	7 42	10 07	4 35
8 11	4 50	9 50	... Blue Ball....	7 37	10 02	4 30
8 17	4 46	9 56	....Wallaceton...	7 32	9 56	4 24
8 22	5 02	10 02	.....Bigler	7 26	9 50	4 17
8 28	5 08	10 08	....Woodland....	7 20	9 42	4 10
8 30	5 10	10 11	Mineral Spri'gs	7 17	9 40	4 06
8 34	5 14	10 15	.... Barrett	7 13	9 46	4 01
8 38	5 18	10 20	.....Leonard.....	7 09	9 35	3 56
8 45	5 25	10 26	.....Clearfield ...	7 05	9 28	3 50
8 50	5 32	10 32	.....Riverview...	6 55	9 21	3 40
8 56	5 38	10 39	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 15	3 34
9 00	5 55	10 44	.Curwensville ..	6 45	9 10	3 30
	6 01	10 50	.....Rustic.....	6 40		3 15
	6 09	10 58	.....Stronach	6 34		3 09
	6 18	11 06	....Grampian	6 30		3 05
P M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD In effect May 25, 1902.

Westward. p m	a m		Eastward a m	p m
1 38	5 40	.....Montandon.....	9 15	4 50
1 46	6 55	..... Lewisburg	9 05	4 42
1 57	6 47	..... Vicksburg	8 53	4 31
2 06	6 56	..... Mifflinburg	8 45	4 24
2 16	7 07	.....Millmont.....	8 36	4 13
2 25	7 13	.....Glen Iron.....	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	...Paddy Mountain...	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	.....Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	.....Zerby	7 43	3 26
3 17	8 05	...Rising Spring...	7 35	3 17
3 23	8 11	.....Penns Cave.....	7 28	3 14
3 30	8 16	..... Centre Hall.....	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24	.....Gregg	7 17	2 56
3 42	8 31	.....Linden Hall.....	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	.....Oak Hall.....	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39	.....Lemont.....	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43	..... Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52	.....Pleasant Gap.....	6 48	2 24
4 09	8 55	.....Axemann.....	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00	.....Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA. Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN. No. 1	No. 5	No. 3	June 23, 1902.	No. 6	No. 2	READ UP No. 4
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	Lv. Ar.	p.m	a.m.	p.m
*7 00	*6 00	*2 40	Bellefonte	10 10	9 39	5 10
7 11	7 01	2 51	Nigh	9 57	9 17	4 57
7 16	7 06	2 56	Zion	9 51	9 11	4 51
7 23	7 13	3 03	Hecla Park	9 45	9 05	4 45
7 25	7 15	3 05	Dunkles	9 42	9 02	4 43
7 29	7 19	3 09	Hublersburg	9 38	8 58	4 39
7 33	7 23	3 13	Snydertown	9 34	8 54	4 35
7 35	7 25	3 15	Nittany	9 31	8 51	4 32
7 37	7 27	3 17	Huston	9 28	8 48	4 29
7 41	7 31	3 21	Lamar	9 25	8 45	4 26
7 43	7 33	3 23	Clintondale	9 22	8 42	4 23
7 47	7 37	3 27	Krider's S'n'g	9 18	8 38	4 18
8 51	7 41	3 31	Mackeyville	9 13	8 33	4 13
8 57	7 47	3 37	Cedar Springs	9 07	8 27	4 07
8 00	7	3 40	Salona	9 05	8 25	4 05
8 05	7 55	3 45	Mill Hall	*9 00	*8 23	*4 00
			(NEW YORK CENT)			
			Jersey Shore		7 37	3 25
11 45	8 38	Arr	WM'PORT Lve		*7 10	*2 50
12 20	9 10	Lve	WM'PORT Arr			2 30
12 29	11 40		(PHILA AND READING RY)			
			PHILA		12 01	*8 36
7 30	7 00		NEW YORK			4 00
10 40	10 50		(Via Phila)			
p.m		Ar.	Lv.	p.m.		a.m

*Daily. † Week Days. $ 4 00 p. m. Sunday ‡ 10 55 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia at 12 31 p. m.

J. W GEHART, General Superintendent

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. station.

WESTWARD. College Accom. 1*	*5	Exp. *2		EASTWARD. Mail. *2	Exp *4	Bellf Ac 6*
a.m	p m	a m	Lv Ar	a m	p m	p m
6 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte	8 50	2 40	6 40
6 35	4 21	10 37	Coleville	8 40	2 25	6 30
f6 38	f4 25	f10 42	Morris	f 8 37	f2 22	f6 27
f6 43	f4 28	f10 47	Whitmer	f8 35	f2 17	f6 23
f6 46	f4 33	f10 52	Hunters	f8 31	f2 10	f6 21
f6 50	f4 36	f10 56	Filmore	f8 28	f2 06	f6 18
f6 55	f4 40	f11 02	Briarly	f8 24	f2 00	f6 14
7 00	4 45	11 05	Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10
f7 03	f4 45	f11 08	Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52	f6 07
f7 12	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
7 25	5 00	11 15	State College	8 00	1 30	5 45
f7 27	f5 05	f11 24	Struble	f7 45	f1 34	f5 25
f7 31	f5 10		Bloomsdor	f7 40		f5 20
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

"f" stops on flag. * Daily except Sunday.

P. H. THOMAS, Supt

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect May 25, 1902.

a m	STATIONS.	p m
11 26	Arrive Snow Shoe Leav	5
10 00	Snow Shoe Intersection	4 56
10 01	Milesburg	5 05
9 58	Leave Bellefonte Arrive	5 20

Professional Cards.

HUGH S. TAYLOR.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
No. 24 Temple Court. All manner of legal business attended promptly.

C. M. BOWER. ELLIS L. ORVIS.
ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Office in Eagle Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

A. A. DALE.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office over Centre County Bank, corner Spring and High streets, Bellefonte, Pa.

HARRY KELLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in the Temple Court building, South Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa.

H. C. QUIGLEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Temple court building, Bellefonte, Pa.

J. THOMAS MITCHELL.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in the Temple Court building, South Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa.

WILBUR F. REEDER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office on Allegheny street, one door north of *Gazette* office. Bellefonte, Pa.

The Worst Form.

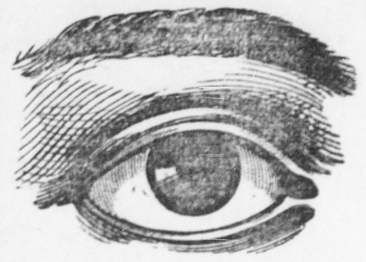
Multitudes are singing the praises of Kodol, the new discovery which is making so many sick people well and weak people strong by digesting what they eat by cleansing and sweetening the stomach and by transforming their food into the kind of pure, rich blood that makes you feel good all over. Mrs. Cranfield, of Troy, I. T., writes: For a number of years I was troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia which grew into the worst form. Finally I was induced to use Kodol and after using four bottles I am entirely cured. I heartily recommend Kodol to all sufferers from indigestion and dyspepsia. Take a dose after meals it digests what you eat. Parrish's drug store.

—STRAYED—A large red cow with white star in forehead, white on legs and belly, high hip bones, had a piece of rope on her horns. Any information concerning her can be left at Green's Drug Store, Bellefonte.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

PROF. J. ANGEL
AN EXPERT



Eye Specialist!

of Williamsport, will make his monthly visit here

TWO DAY ONLY,

Tuesday and Wednesday,

Oct. 21 & 22,

from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m., with headquarters in

THE LARIMER BLDG.

OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE

Bellefonte, Pa.

I can examine your eyes at your home, by appointment, without extra charge.

Hundreds are going blind daily, from the need of the proper prescribed glasses and from delaying attention to the eyes from time to time. Nothing will destroy your eyesight quicker than cheap glasses or glasses not properly fitted to your eyes.

Prof. Angel, in the short time he has been visiting this section, has met with marked success. Scores of leading citizens of this community have found relief from his treatment. It is not necessary to travel to Eastern cities for treatment when you can consult an eminent oculist at home.

At State College,
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1902,
FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

PATENTS

Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write to

G. A. SNOW & CO.

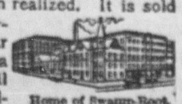
Opposite U. S. Patent Office
WASHINGTON D. C.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

The Bellefonte Republican

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.00 per annum.

By JOHN C. MILLER.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type)	$ 5	$ 8	12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash.

JOHN C. MILLER.

Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR

SAMUEL W. PENNYPACKER,
of Philadelphia.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

WILLIAM M. BROWN,
of New Castle.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS

ISAAC B. BROWN,
of Erie.

For Senator,
A. E. PATTON, Curwensville,

For Congress,
S. R. DRESSER, Bradford.

Republican County Ticket.

For Assembly,
J. N. SCHOONOVER, Philipsburg,
J. B. STROHM, Potter Twp.

For Sheriff,
HENRY LOWRY, Bellefonte.

For Register,
EARLE C. TUTEN, Bellefonte.

For Recorder,
HENRY H. HEWITT, Philipsburg.

For Treasurer,
PHILIP D. FOSTER, State College.

For Commissioners,
J. G. BAILEY, Ferguson Twp.
ABE V. MILLER, Spring Twp

For Auditors,
ARCHIBALD ALLISON, Gregg Twp.
H. P. FONTIUS, Bellefonte.

Coroner,
DR. S. M. HUFF, Millesburg.

EDITORIAL.

REPUBLICANS STAND FIRM.

On the eve of the coming election we appeal to the Republicans of Centre County to stand firm by the principles of our party.

If the Democrats had anything to offer that would in any way improve present conditions, if they were presenting men who were in any manner superior to our own candidates, it would be an entirely different proposition. But they are not.

In their candidate for Governor, they have a respectable citizen, who for eight years, occupied the Executive chair at Harrisburg. In all that time he did nothing to merit the commendation or support of Republicans. He did nothing to benefit the common weal of our state. He was simply a Democratic Governor, and his only aim was to advance the interests of his party.

No one can lay their finger upon any reform inaugurated by him in those eight years to uplift our people or advance their interests morally, politically or commercially. He was on trial once and failed. He was tried again and failed to fulfill his promises, and he now appeals to us to give him a third trial.

It rests with us, whether he will be for the third time elevated to a position where the only thing he can or will do, will be to demoralize and discourage our party, and embarass President Roosevelt in carrying out the policy of the lamented McKinley, which already has brought about an era of prosperity, such as was never known in our country, and is the wonder of the entire civilized world.

We present as our candidate Hon. Samuel W. Pennypacker, a man of unsullied reputation, a man whom the Democrats confess is the peer of their own candidate, Mr. Pattison, a man whose public record they dare not assail, a man of pure and spotless character, an intellectual man, who in his public life has proven himself to be a wise counselor and upright judge.

Surely these qualifications are all that is necessary to show his fitness to occupy the exalted position of Governor in this great State.

In the face of all this we are asked to hand the control of this Commonwealth over to the Democratic party, whose promises of reform are mere idle words, and whose only desire is to benefit themselves by distributing the patronage of the party among their own members.

We appeal to the Republicans of this county and the entire state to stand firm and vote for Judge Pennypacker, for the reasons, he is on honest man, would make a wise and judicious Governor, and because he is a Republican.

WHY WE SHOULD SUPPORT HON. A. E. PATTON.

Senator W. C. Heinle is spreading broadcast a very attractive looking phamplet, bearing his picture and also the United States flag. The latter is evidently intended to show his patriotism and devotion to that emblem. It also sets forth the many good qualities and virtues of Mr. Heinle, and is very well prepared, and quite plausible.

In it, he appeals to the old soldiers for their support. Not as a comrade in arms, but for the reason that he has occasionally delivered Decoration Day orations, and at one time when quite a lad, he gave "three cheers for the Union." Of course that was an evidence of patriotism, and under the circumstances was commendable, but bless Mr. Heinle's heart there is nothing in that act of over thirty years ago, that could claim the support of the old soldier, who he has been fighting politically ever since. We would ask Mr. Heinle whether he is going to vote for that battle scarred veteran, Abe Miller. Will he please tell the old soldiers if he voted for the one legged Beaver? Will he vote for H. H. Hewitt, another old soldier? Did he ever give aid and support to any one who served in the Civil War who were candidates on the Republican ticket? We will answer for him, NEVER, NEVER. He has always opposed and always will, any old soldier who is a candidate of our party, and in the face of this, expects these men to vote for him.

We are tired of hearing Mr. Heinle's patriotism and honesty thrown at us, as if there were not a patriotic nor an honest Republican in the county.

We are proud of our candidate, Hon. A. E. Patton, who is as patriotic and honest as Senator Heinle, and has voted for the old soldier every time he was a candidate, and no doubt when a lad cheered as lustily for the grand old stars and stripe, as did Mr. Heinle, and who possesses all the qualifications which go to make up the good man and true.

Aside from all this, there are principles envolved in this campaign which must appeal to the sober minded thinking voter. It would be ruinous to elect a Democratic Legislature, who would have in their power the selection of United States Senator, and if a Democrat is sent to Washington to succeed Senator Penrose, it is a tacit admission, that the people of Pennsylvania are not in accord with the policy of our martyred President, and that President Roosevelt need not expect or hope to have his administration sustained, by the Keystone State.

There is more than sentiment at stake. There is principle. Therefore let us, as Republicans, give our loyal support to Hon. A. E. Patton, whom we know will advocate and vote for our best interests.

No thanks to Robert "Everytime" Pattison that the coal strike is over. He and his friends placed every obstruction in the way of adjusting the matter between operators and miners.

ALL the music will be knocked out of the sweet singer of Boalsburg when he figures the vote for Bailey and Miller. Philip your doom is sealed.

The Republican demonstration Wednesday night was a great success and we will give fuller particulars next week.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND THE PARTY

What Republicanism Has Done For the Cause of Education.

THE DEMOCRATS NEVER LIBERAL

Official Figures Which Prove That the Republican Party Has Made the Public Schools of Pennsylvania the Finest in the Land—Statement of What Each County Receives.

Every parent in the state is interested directly or indirectly in the public schools. In this connection the fact should not be overlooked that the Republican party has, by its liberal policy made the public schools of the state what they are—the greatest in the nation.

It has made liberal provision for the education and training of teachers in the state normal schools. The minimum school term has been wisely increased by legislation and provision has been made for establishing schools of higher grades in the townships.

The party has never faltered in its devotion to the interests of the commonwealth in legislating for the benefit of the children in the public schools.

Its policy has been earnest, fearless and progressive in opposition to a conservatism which is productive of ignorance and illiteracy wherever it is permitted to assert itself unrestrained by the helpful influence of good public schools.

The achievements of the past, in the state and nation, are a safe index to the future under the wise and vigilant control of the Republican party.

WHAT THE DEMOCRATS DID.

The highest amount ever appropriated by the Democratic party for the public schools of Pensylvania was $280,000 per annum from 1857 to 1860. Compare this with the splendid showing of the Republican party.

In 1870 there was appropriated for educational purposes by the legislature of Pennsylvania the sum of $500,000; in 1872 this amount was increased to $700,000. This was the largest amount appropriated in support of popular education prior to the adoption of the new constitution. The framers of our fundamental law provided that the minimum amount to be appropriated annually to the support of the common schools should be $1,000,000. From 1874 to 1887, inclusive, the minimum amount named in the new constitution was the maximum of legislative generosity. The entire amount appropriated for all educational purposes during this period of thirteen years was $16,599,000. In 1887 the annual appropriation was increased to $1,500,000. In 1889 another half million was added, making the annual appropriation at that time $2,000,000. In 1891 the amount appropriated was swelled to the princely sum of $5,000,000 annually. In 1893 another half million dollars was added, making the appropriation $5,500,000 annually. This does not include the appropriations made for the support of the Orphans' schools, the county superintendants, department of public instruction, or all of those made to the normal schools. Adding the amounts appropriated for these purposes to the appropriations made for common schools proper, the aggregate is the magnificent sum of $6,000,000 in round numbers. This is a monument of the wise and beneficent leadership of the Republican party in Pennsylvania.

A WONDERFUL SHOWING.

So that every reader may have the opportunity of seeing what the Republican party of our state has done for the cause of popular education during the last quarter of a century we append hereto a statement of all the appropriations made to common schools since 1860, to wit:

1860	$ 280,000
1861	308,000
1862	303,625
1863	316,825
1864	316,825
1865	354,436
1866	355,000
1867	355,000
1868	500,000
1869	500,000
1870	500,000
1871	650,000
1872	700,000
1873	760,000
1874	1,000,000
1875	1,000,000
1876	1,000,000
1877	1,000,000
1878	1,000,000
1879	1,000,000
1880	1,000,000
1881	1,000,000
1882	1,000,000
1883	1,000,000
1884	1,000,000
1885	1,000,000
1886	1,000,000
1887	1,000,000
1888	1,500,000
1889	1,500,000
1890	2,000,000
1891	2,000,000
1892	5,000,000
1893	5,000,000
1894	5,500,000
1895	5,500,000
1896	5,500,000
1897	5,500,000
1898	5,500,000
1899	5,500,000
1900	5,000,000
1901	5,250,000
1902	5,525,000

The aggregate amount appropriated during all the years from 1835 to 1873, inclusive, was $11,687,968. From 1874 to 1890, inclusive, the sum total of all appropriations for this purpose was $16,599,000. From 1890 to 1892, inclusive, there was appropriated in support of the cause of popular education $62,775,000. The entire amount contributed by the state for educational purposes since 1835 is $91,061,968. It will thus be seen that in the twelve years since 1890, more money has been expended by the state in support of common schools than in all the years from 1835 to 1890. In other words, nearly sixty-nine per cent. of the entire amount of money appropriated for school purposes by the state since 1835 has been appropriated in the last twelve years, when the Republican party of this state and the policy of its leaders have been most severely criticised.

MONEY PAID THIS YEAR.

The reports of the auditor general and state treasurer show that the net revenue available for general appropriation purposes is in round numbers $15,000,000 annually. Of this sum, $6,000,000 is appropriated each year for public schools.

Will any fair-minded person seriously contend that the state should appropriate more than forty-eight per cent. of its net revenues for educational purposes? We now appropriate more money than any other state in the Union; all of which is to the credit of the Republican party.

The following is the official statement of the amount which the state pays this year in school money to each county:

County	1902
Adams	$ 33,552 03
Allegheny	600,262 42
Armstrong	54,339 39
Beaver	55,030 45
Bedford	45,777 40
Berks	158,115 26
Blair	76,414 45
Bradford	67,104 34
Bucks	63,486 03
Butler	55,610 83
Cambria	91,697 83
Cameron	7,089 64
Carbon	42,357 62
Centre	46,919 44
Chester	84,652 79
Clarion	37,581 72
Clearfield	78,677 39
Clinton	30,125 52
Columbia	40,995 38
Crawford	73,052 73
Cumberland	47,097 65
Dauphin	100,739 01
Delaware	75,903 71
Elk	31,874 16
Erie	92,622 60
Fayette	96,310 40
Forest	11,968 53
Franklin	54,323 21
Fulton	12,235 43
Greene	32,017 45
Huntingdon	28,311 18
Indiana	46,996 47
Jefferson	55,146 21
Juniata	17,600 37
Lackawanna	159,260 93
Lancaster	140,350 15
Lawrence	49,675 59
Lebanon	49,295 78
Lehigh	82,644 50
Luzerne	215,585 52
Lycoming	76,508 53
McKean	48,802 72
Mercer	62,661 72
Mifflin	23,264 85
Monroe	22,683 32
Montgomery	115,703 23
Montour	14,795 42
Northampton	89,403 06
Northumberland	83,672 29
Perry	29,926 82
Pike	10,178 57
Potter	33,046 19
Schuylkill	166,068 57
Snyder	20,073 95
Somerset	51,748 70
Sullivan	14,324 69
Susquehanna	46,778 21
Tioga	53,867 16
Union	17,398 16
Venango	50,451 72
Warren	41,580 50
Washington	88,710 63
Wayne	33,536 20
Westmoreland	136,260 69
Wyoming	19,210 71
York	113,840 80
Philadelphia	847,017 05

FIGURES FROM OTHER STATES.

In this connection, a comparison with the revenues and appropriations made for school purposes in other states may serve a useful purpose. Below we give a statement from thirty-four of the leading states of the American Union, showing the total revenues of each state and the amount appropriated by the legislatures thereof in support of the cause of education:

	Total Revenues.	Appropriated.
Maine	$1,550,000	$620,000
Massachusetts	9,257,000	273,000
Connecticut	2,300,000	400,000
New York	30,000,000	4,500,000
New Jersey	2,318,134	303,240
Ohio	6,500,000	1,738,887
Indiana	6,500,000	2,500,000
Illinois	5,500,000	1,500,000
Missouri	3,023,698	1,097,231
Iowa	1,727,574	40,000
Michigan	2,068,000	868,000
North Dakota	793,000	70,000
South Dakota	785,000	278,000
Nebraska	2,000,000	700,000
Wyoming	2,300,000	240,000
Montana	569,000	70,000
Idaho	259,400	35,315
Washington	626,615	120,000
Oregon	701,394	140,324
California	8,500,000	3,000,000
Nevada	423,378	41,484
Utah	850,000	319,500
Colorado	690,000	73,000
Kansas	1,500,000	500,000
Arkansas	1,100,000	400,000
Louisiana	2,000,000	250,000
Texas	5,325,000	1,675,000
Alabama	1,900,000	750,000
Florida	850,000	200,000
South Carolina	3,000,000	540,000
West Virginia	1,060,000	410,000
Virginia	3,300,000	1,300,000
Maryland	2,500,000	675,000
Pennsylvania	16,000,000	6,000,000

Only one other state in the union, Maine, gives forty per cent. of its revenue to the cause of education. Pennsylvania's showing in this respect is practically without a paralell.

STRONG FOR PENNYPACKER

Distinguished Educator Declares In Favor of the Republican Candidate.

The following letter appeared in a recent issue of the Huntington Globe:

Our townsman, Dr. M. G. Brumbaugh, former commissioner of education of Porto Rico, and now at the head of the department of pedagogy in the University of Pennsylvania, writes us as follows:

Philadelphia, Oct. 7, 1902.

My Dear Mr. Butz: A number of my home friends have asked me about the candidacy of Judge Pennypacker—whether or not he is a really good man and capable of administering the high office of governor ably and well. To all such I wish to say that I have known Judge Pennypacker for many years. He is perhaps the ablest scholar of Pennsylvania history we have, and his writings are invaluable. He is, as we all know, one of the ablest jurists in the commonwealth. He is a kind-hearted, clear-headed, business-like man, whose entire career is a great honor to him and the state. He possesses rare executive ability and is as resolute for the right as any man I know. He will make a most excellent governor, one who will at all times guard the welfare of the common people, whom he loves and with whom he loves to associate. He is absolutely independant of all bias in his thinking and will treat all persons with justice and equal fairness. In short, I love him and feel confident he will make a great governor.

To all my friends, I give him unqualified endorsement. I hope every one will go to the polls and vote for him. He is the type of man our public life needs. We are fortunate to have him as a candidate. We will be more than fortunate if we elect him governor by an overwhelming majority.

National issues of great moment are involved in this election and I trust every loyal citizen who is concerned for the welfare of 10,000,000 souls now under our flag in the islands of the sea will see that our present wise insular policy is emphatically endorsed and a Republican congress assured.

Yours very respectfully,
M. G. BRUMBAUGH.

Senator Brown On Company Stores.

Senator W. M. Brown, candidate for lieutenant governor, is opposed to company stores. On the discussion of a bill introduced by Senator Brown, in the session of 1899, in reference to incorporating certain corporations, he declared his position regarding company stores. Among other things Senator Brown said: "I will go as far as any one else to vote to properly restrain any corporation that undertakes to militate against the people. * * * I would be willing that the bill be reconsidered for the purpose of inserting an amendment excluding from the provisions of the act any store run by a company; that is, I mean, by a coal company."

The bill had for its object the incorporation of retail stores. To the objections that were made, Senator Brown, among other things, said: "We are permitting today large, powerful corporations of this commonwealth to roam at will over the people. I believe there will come a time in the history of the state of Pennsylvania when you will have to extend the power of the people over these corporations. I want to say to you that when that time does come it will not be to protect the people against such corporations as are embodied in and founded upon this bill, but upon the corporations that are in existence today, with twenty-five or thirty millions of capital, strangling the people as they do."

Willing to be Judged.

The Republican party in Pennsylvania in point of policy and performance and devotion to the interests of the great masses of the people, has ever been ready to meet the Democracy and its misrepresentations upon any basis. This is pre-eminently true regarding the history of Republicanism in Pennsylvania.

It is well at this time to dwell upon the achievements of the Republican party as exemplified in Pennsylvania. We were told more than two thousand years ago that men should be judged by their fruits. The Republican party and its splendid achievements can stand the supreme test of comparison with the Democratic party and its failures for the past forty years. There is not a patriotic Republican today, in state or nation, who is not willing to have his party measured by this standard.

As to Union Labels.

It was a Republican legislature in Pennsylvania that passed this law, viz: "Every union of workingmen, having adopted and registered under the provisions of this act any trade mark, label, symbol or private stamp, shall have, possess and enjoy full, complete and unquestioned power and authority to name, make, dictate and specify the conditions and limitations under which the same may be used by any person or persons employing the member or members of said associations or unions, or manufacturing any article or articles upon which any such trade mark, label, symbol or private stamp may be affixed, or using in any manner in his or their business the labor symbolized by any such trade mark, label, symbol or private mark, so registered." (P. L. 1901, page 114.)

VOTE FOR HON. S. R. DRESSER.

Do not lose sight of the fact that one of the most important offices to be voted for is Congressman.

In Centre County the Democrats have given up all hope of electing their ticket and are now making every effort to carry the Congressional district and defeat Mr. Dresser.

We need hardly warn our voters for they realize how much depends upon having a Republican Congress, to continue the present prosperous times, and be in harmony with the National Administration. We have in Mr. Dresser a man so closely allied with the industries of the state that we have every assurance of his faithfully looking after the interests of this district.

WHAT WISDOM DENIED US.

The Most Fatal Gift That Could Be Conferred on Mankind.

Granted the power to do it, which would be the most fatal gift that could be conferred on mankind?

Omnipotence without omniscience. An omnipotent man, with the best of intentions toward his kind, could easily wreck the universe and probably would, since, unless he knew everything, he would infallibly make some mistake which could not fail to have very terrible consequences. Next to this would be the power of foreseeing events. This would eliminate the greatest factor in human happiness, because the man who could foresee everything would have no hope. He would not only know his own fate, but that of all other human beings and also all their feelings and intentions, which, of itself alone, would make society impossible.

Equally terrible would be the power of prolonging life at will, since no man or woman would willingly die so long as life remained even tolerable. This is proved by the shocking conditions under which people now consent to live. The race would probably continue to multiply indefinitely until all the habitable portions of the globe became overcrowded. Then would commence a struggle for existence which no human imagination could portray. War would be an impossibility, since no man could kill another who did not wish to die, and humanity would reach some inconceivable climax of misery from which nothing but the intervention of a higher power could possibly release it.—Pearson's Weekly.

It Satisfied Lincoln.

Among Lincoln's callers one morning in 1862 was a stranger seeking both personal and official assistance from the president and who brought with him some letters lauding his loyalty that bore the signature of a former governor of Maryland. Lincoln received the stranger with some warmth that was not chilled even when one of the attaches, who had overheard the conversation, interrupted to explain that the signature must have been forged, for the reason that the Marylander mentioned had been dead several years. The stranger showed guilt in every feature, but Lincoln, suffused with that pity for the luckless that was ever his, cheerily observed:

"Oh, never mind that—never mind it! This is far more interesting. I would rather get a letter from a dead man than from a live one any day!"—Philadelphia Times.

Royal Bad Language.

The Pall Mall Gazette says it still remains a mystery how the chief English authorities in church and state ever succeeded in crowning King George I. Having come fresh from his native Hanover, the first monarch of the Brunswick dynasty was to his new subjects little better than a Melanesian from the south seas. Not a word of English could he muster, while the chief officials were almost equally ignorant of German. Latin, therefore, had to be resorted to as being the one possible medium of communication between them. A highly popular joke originated from these singular proceedings, which stated that an immense amount of bad language had passed between the king and his ministers on the great day.

The Giving of Tips.

Tips were always out of harmony with the independence and self respect of true Americans. Good pay for good work, with no unearned gratuities, in hotels, restaurants and everywhere else should be the custom. Tips are degrading both to givers and receivers, and the whole system of tipping is unsound and inexcusable. It cannot endure.

No club of any real distinction and importance permits the giving of tips within its jurisdiction, and the practice of distributing gifts for services which have been amply and even generously remunerated has no basis which is wise and wholesome. Never yet has there been an argument in apology for this abuse which was worth a moment's consideration.—New York Tribune.

A Pretty Custom.

South American lovers have a pretty custom. It is well known that when the petals of the great laurel magnolia are touched, however lightly, the result is a brown spot which develops in a few hours. The fact is taken advantage of by the lover, who pulls a magnolia flower and on one of its pure white petals writes a motto or message with a hard, sharp pointed pencil. Then he sends the flower, the young lady puts it in a vase of water, and in three or four hours the message written on the leaf becomes visible.

CORRESPONDENCE

UNIONVILLE.

J. W. Smith of Drane, Pa., visited his mother here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Calhoun, of Gallitzin are visiting friends here.

Mr. John Davis, Master Carpenter of Tyrone spent the first day of the hunting season with his friend, Chas. Eckenroth, inquest of game.

Miss Bessie Stere who has been visiting her brother in Cambria Co., has returned home.

Mrs. W. F. Becker, of Atlantic City, is guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Brugger.

The wedding of Mr. John Brugger and Miss Eva Thompson, is announced to occur this week.

Ed. Musser, of Pitcairn, and brother, Howard of Bellwood, spent last week with their mother, Mrs. Mattie Musser.

Roy Miles, of Pitcairn, a young man formerly of this place, is a visitor here.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott, of Philipsburg spent last week with Mrs. S's mother Mrs. Mary Hennshey.

The funeral of Ithamer Ammerman an aged citizen of Dix Run occurred on Monday. He made his home with his daughter, Mrs. Mark Hall. The particulars concerning his death were not learned.

Ellwood Fisher, who is quite ill with stomach trouble was removed to a sanitarium at Reading last week. He was accompanied by his brother W. P. Fisher Jr., and Miss May Wharton, a trained nurse, of Milesburg.

CENTRE HALL.

Messrs. John Wieland and William H. Stuart, of Boalsburg; Frank Weiland, of Linden Hall, and W. S. Musser and Dr. Braucht, of Spring Mills, visited Centre Hall on Monday evening for the purpose of attending the Masonic lodge, which met on that evening.

D. A. Boozer made a trip to Petersburg last Monday.

C. F. Deininger, who is employed at Pittsburg, is at home, having been called here on account of the illness of his mother.

George W. Ocker, for several years a prominent grain merchant at this place, but for the past two years in business in Lewisburg, has sold his grain house and coal yard to Messrs. Foreman & Smith, who at the time were lessees of it. They are enterprising young men and will make business hum, but they won't sell anthracite coal for a while yet.

Mrs. Alfred Krape, who has been ill with typhoid fever, is able to be up again.

Dr. W. E. Park, who came home from his new field of labor sick a few days ago, is able to be out He isn't quarantined, either.

MILESBURG.

William Taylor, of South Dakota, after a pleasant visit with his brother, Thomas Taylor and family, returned home.

T. P. Rynder and wife also his wife's mother, Mrs. Mary Ann Lee, of Erie, after a brief visit to the burg, returned home.

Mrs. Joseph Baird with her son Samuel spent Sunday with her son, Frank Baird and family of Philipsburg.

Samuel Baird shot a wild turkey weighing 12 pounds.

Samuel Haupt shot a raccoon weighing 25 lbs.

Harry Lambert shot a ruffle grouse and other small game since the hunting season came in.

Mr. I. Zimmerman, of Kansas, is visiting his sister, Mrs. W. B. Thomas.

Rev. Houck and wife are visiting in Clearfield county.

Rev. Crouch is again able to be out and filled his appointment on Sunday at Howard for his presiding elder.

Dr. S. M. Huff is very busy attending the sick at this writing.

PHILIPSBURG.

The hunting season is now on and many of the Nimrods have wended their way to the woods, but as yet no "bear" stories or such like have developed.

Mrs. John Moore spent part of last week with friends and relatives about Port Matilda.

The choir of the First U. B. church held a box social at the home of Thos. Dubbs, which was well attended.

Mrs. Kate Pierce, of Philadelphia, is visiting Mrs. Joseph Lewis.

Rev. Dr. Pennepacker will deliver his lecture entitled "Hang On" in the M. E. church this (Thursday) evening.

G. F. Kelley and family left last week for their new home in Penfield.

Rev. I. L. Gephart, editor of the Religious Telescope, filled Rev. Graham's pulpit last Sunday at Philipsburg and South Philipsburg. This was his birth-place and he was gladly received by friends of his younger days.

The members of the Junior Epworth League held an Autumn Social last Friday night, which was very well attended.

Geo. B. Friday of Windber is now in town visiting his parents.

—While threshing at the farm of Joe Kling, near Jacksonville, last week, the boiler of John Holmes' traction engine blew up and injured Samuel and Oscar Kling. One of the boys was badly injured about the face which may cause the loss of his vision. The cause of the explosion was due to a leak in the boiler.

BEECH ITEMS.

Did you see the Eclipse.

Squirrel season opened with a crack and a bang all along our mountains but we did not hear of a single squirrel being killed there were 5 wild Turkeys killed on Egg hill on the first day.

A. N. Finkles' shed is completed and adds greatly to the appearance and value of his farm.

Our Sunday School has closed and will not be reopened until April this is a mistake Sunday School should be made interesting the whole year.

Rev. Rearick preached a very interesting and instructive sermon on Sunday from the Sunday School lesson.

Greene Decker was on the sick list but is able to be around again.

Misses Dora Gentzel and Lizzie Wolf of Sober visited friends at Beech on Sunday.

J. K. Confer and Henry Haugh are beautifying their homes by giving their houses a coat of paint.

PINE GLENN.

Mrs. George Boak is away on a week's visit.

Miss Blanche Daugherty returned from Pleasant Gap on Saturday last. She was accompanied by Mrs. Harvey Barnard, of that place, who will visit friends here for a short time.

Mr. Frank Wagner is spending a few days among friends at his former home, Three Springs, Huntingdon county.

Mr. W. B. Rankin passed through this vicinity last Wednesday.

The Messrs. Segart, of New York, who are at present guests at the Mountain House, Snow Shoe, spent Sunday in Pine Glenn.

Mr. Evert Daugherty is acting in the capacity of "barnyard clerk" at Geo. R. Boak's.

Ralph Hipple drives to Snow Shoe quite often. We don't blame him. There's a great attraction.

Tricks of the Fahyahs.

The Fahyahs have a trick which is performed in this manner: They take a small cup, put it on the ground—all feats are performed in the open air—and place in it a small bulb, which is then covered with sand.

Taking a small fan from their waist and standing about two feet away, they fan a rosebush from the cup at least two and a half feet high, bearing quite a number of roses, one of which they will give for a piece of silver. The flower withers away into ether in twenty minutes.

I have seen a peach, a pear and a plum tree grow from seed, bear fruit and wither away again in five hours. I have seen these Fahyahs throw themselves upon broken glass held in a large box that it would be impossible for any one else to touch without receiving a wound and never get a scratch.

Admiral and Chaplain.

On the return from a long cruise Admiral Goldsborough's chaplain was asked by the admiral whether or not he considered the result of his labors satisfactory from a clerical standpoint.

"Yes," he answered, "the result has been in the main most satisfactory. The only serious impediment to progress with the sailors has been that it is impossible to prevent their swearing when they hear the officers guilty of the very fault for which I correct them."

"Tut, tut, man, that is not to be helped. The officers all swear," replied the admiral. "I do it myself sometimes, but I don't mean anything—not a bit more than you do by your praying."

Saved by His Wits.

The Duke of Wellington once met by accident an officer in a state of inebriety.

"Look here, sir," said the Iron Duke. "What would you do if you met one of your men in the condition in which I find you?"

The officer drew himself up, gave the military salute and replied with great gravity, "I would not condescend to speak to the brute!" His wit saved him his commission.

The Inquiring Mind.

Jimmy—I say, daddy, I want you to answer a question.

His Father—What is it?

Jimmy—Well, if the end of the world was to come and the earth was destroyed while a man was up in a balloon, where would he land when he came down?

Far From It.

Girl With the Plump Neck—Fan Billiwink has begun to show her age, hasn't she?

Girl With the Dimple—I should say not! She's begun to try to hide it.—Chicago Tribune.

Some people can study a subject all their lives and then know nothing about it.—Atchison Globe.

A man is generally at his heaviest in his fortieth year.

Their Glasses Differ.

"The glasses that I use hurt my eyes and cause me trouble."

"The glasses that I use affect my eyes till I see double."—Beverages.

A woman can kiss a woman without knocking her hat off, but a man can't.—Atchison Globe.

THE TRAMP'S PARLOR CAR.

A Pre-empted Home From Which He Is Often Dislodged.

A casual observer might wonder why the rods bolted through the timbers at either end are placed under freight cars. They are not put there for hoboes to ride on, but to stiffen the floor of the car. Sometimes there are four, two close together on each side, but more often there are six, separated by equal distances.

At the center, where the rods are ridden, there is often room between them and the bottom of the car for a man to sit almost upright, though with his head bowed forward, but where there are six rods the hobo usually lies across them like a steak on a gridiron. While the train is moving slowly it is easy as a rule to drive him off by throwing coal or rocks at him. If it is going very fast, there is danger of killing him, and that is likely to get the brakeman in trouble (from ten years to life is customary).

There is one other way of removing a hobo from the rods under a freight, but the brakeman must be a man of steady nerve, quickness and physical strength; also he must know exactly where the hobo is before he comes off the top to get him. Dropping from the train a car or two ahead of the one under which the man is riding, the brakeman has time to brace himself before that car reaches him (the train should be moving only slowly); then he seizes the hobo by the coat collar or by his arms. The motion of the train does the rest, and the hobo is dropped on the ground. —Leslie's Weekly.

Furore For Plaster Patches.

Plaster patches were introduced in England in the reign of Edward VI. by a foreign lady who in this manner ingeniously concealed a wen on her neck. They became such a craze and were carried to such exaggerated lengths that they were finally lampooned out of sight. The men, as well as the women, stuck themselves over with these beauty spots. No lady of fashion considered her toilet complete until she was equipped with her little box of patches cut in her favorite design. If one happened to come off in company, she hurriedly replaced it with a fresh one from the box.

At length patching in England went so far that party spirit was symbolized by the position of the patches. A letter in the paper on June 2, 1711, tells of a visit to the Haymarket and the discovery by the writer of three classes of women in the boxes all differently patched. Upon inquiry he discovered that those who patched on the right side of the forehead were Whigs and those who favored the left were Tories, while those who patched indifferently on either side were a neutral party, whose faces had not yet declared themselves.—Harper's Weekly.

Augustin Daly's Wit.

An actor who knew Augustin Daly well told this story of the great theatrical manager's ready wit:

"We both chanced to be depositors in and victims of a bank which suspended payment. Like others, when the news of the disaster became known we hurried off to the bank to pick up what information we could, and coming down the steps from the offices into the street Mr. Daly's foot caught in the mat, and, with some difficulty, he managed to save himself from falling. I was entering the building, and, seeing the mishap, I ran up, saying:

"'I hope you have not hurt yourself.'

"'Oh, no; thank you,' he replied. 'I only lost my balance.'"

The Skin of My Teeth.

In the book of Job appears the sentence, "I am escaped with the skin of my teeth," which is modernized "by the skin of my teeth" and gives the idea of a narrow escape, one so close as to be just by the thickness of the skin on the teeth, which is so thin that no microscopist has yet been able to find it. "To cast in the teeth" means to throw defiant reproaches or insults spitefully, as one would cast a stone at the exposed teeth of a snarling dog. "Tooth and nail" denotes the manner of an action full of frenzied fury, typified by biting and scratching, as when two belligerent cats make the fur fly.

Of More Importance.

"Get my name right," said the proud owner of the 1,175 pound hog. "It's Judson K. Bimm. My father was Colonel Hiram Hotchkiss Bimm of Lexington, Ky. He came to Illinois in the year"—

"Never mind that," interrupted the secretary of the fat stock show. "Give us the pedigree of the hog."—Chicago Tribune.

Occasional Relief.

Visitor to the Prison—I suppose this life of yours in here is a continual torture.

Convict—Oh, no! Not so bad as that. We don't have visitors every day, you know.—Boston Transcript.

Temperature of Forests.

For many years the Swiss government has been making observations through its forestry stations on the temperature of the air, of the trees and the soil in the forests. These observations show that the temperature in the forests is always below the temperature outside. The temperature also varies according to the trees composing the forests.

A beech forest is always cooler than a forest of larch. As to the trunks of the trees, they are always cooler than the surrounding air. Regarding the temperature of the soil, it is found that in the forest the temperature is invariably below that of the air. Outside the forest the soil is always warmer than the air in summer and colder in winter.

The Gleaners.

The old custom of gleaning in the harvest fields, which recalls the Biblical story of Ruth and Naomi, is not obsolete in England, and in Hertfordshire, Bedfordshire and the neighboring counties as soon as the wheat is gathered in the late days of August there may be seen in the newly cleared fields numbers of women and children diligently picking up one by one the scattered ears and forming them into neat little sheaves, which they carry in their hands until large enough to be bound up. When the daylight fails, all the booty is bound up in cloths and carried home on the heads of the gleaners. At home they thrash it out by hand and sell the grain or use it for their chickens. The gathering of a half peck is usually a full day's work for a child, and often a woman spends a whole day in gathering very little more. Gleaning, however, is looked upon somewhat in the light of a picnic. The mother and children leave home in the morning, take with them food for the day, and stay out in the fields until nightfall.—Detroit Free Press.

A Quick Witted Pastor.

In Germany a country preacher was preaching a sermon when suddenly he lost the thread of his discourse, and, do what he would, he could not find it again.

The congregation was greatly embarrassed and was wondering what the matter was when he startled it by exclaiming hurriedly, "Pardon me, my brethren, for pausing in my sermon, but it seems to me that I smell fire somewhere—and—and it might be well to see that it has not broken out in the church or in any of the nearby houses."

Before the words were all uttered the congregation was pouring out of the church, each family being anxious to make sure that its home was not on fire. It need hardly be said that the fire existed only in the pastor's imagination.

How He Made Money.

Conversation overheard on a train for Monte Carlo. Two travelers unknown to each other chatting familiarly:

"On your way to Monte Carlo, sir, that delightful and exclusive home for all gamblers?"

"That is exactly where I am going."

"And you will play just a little, I suppose?"

"I do nothing else, sir. It is my business."

"Gracious! You don't mean to say you make a business of it?"

"Yes, sir; twice a day regularly, and I never by any chance lose."

"In that case perhaps you will explain your 'system' to me."

"Certainly, with pleasure. I play the violin."

Detail Requiring Attention.

If every man is the architect of his own destiny, he should pay particular attention to the fire escapes.—Philadelphia Record.

—Not a single dull moment. All is gaiety and effervescent fun on "Maloney's Wedding Day."

BELLEFONTE MARKET QUOTATIONS.

PRODUCE:

These prices are paid by C. C. Shuey for produce—

Eggs, per doz.	23
Laid, " lb.	12½
Tallow, " "	3
Butter, " "	20
Apples, per bus.	30 & 40
Potatoes, per bu.	50
Side, " lb.	8
Shoulder, " "	10
Ham " "	15

GRAIN:

These prices are paid by C. T. Gerberich & Son for grain—

Wheat, old	70
" new	70
Oats new	30
Barley	50
Rye	56
Corn, shelled	65
" new	60

Legal Notices.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the Edison Electrical Illuminating Company of Bellefonte, a corporation created under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania and having its principal office at Bellefonte, County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, will, on Monday, the 5th day of January, 1903, present to the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County its petition praying for a decree that the said corporation, to wit. The Edison Electrical Illuminating Company of Bellefonte, be dissolved and that all and singular its powers, franchises, privileges be extinguished and determined.

ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS,
Oct 24-w2m Solicitors.

SHERIFF'S ELECTION PROCLAMATION:—

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH:—I Cyrus Brungart, High Sheriff of the County of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the County aforesaid that an election will be held in the said County of Centre on the

FIRST TUESDAY, IN NOVEMBER, 1902.

being the 4th of November A. D. 1902, for the purpose of electing the several persons hereinafter named to wit:—

One person for Governor of Pennsylvania.
One person for Lieutenant Governor of Pennsylvania.
One person for Secretary of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania.
One person for Representative in Congress of the United States.
One person for Senator in the general Assembly of Pennsylvania.
Two persons for Representative in the general Assembly of Pennsylvania.
One person for Sheriff of Centre county.
One person for Treasurer of Centre county.
One person for Register of Centre county.
One person for Recorder of Centre county.
Two persons for Commissioners of Centre county.
Two persons for Auditors of Centre county.
One person for Coroner of Centre county.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the place of holding elections in the several wards, Boroughs, Districts and Townships within the County of Centre is as follows:—

For the North ward of the Borough of Bellefonte at the Hook and Ladder Company's House on east Howard street in Bellefonte.

For the South ward of the Borough of Bellefonte, at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the West ward of the Borough of Bellefonte, in the Carriage Shop of S. A. McQuistion, in Bellefonte.

For the First ward of the Borough of Philipsburg, at the vacant Store Room of Dr. Thomas B. Potter.

For the Second ward of the Borough of Philipsburg, at the Public Building at the corner of North Centre and Presqueisle streets.

For the Third ward of the Borough of Philipsburg, at the Hale School House northeast corner of Sixth and Presqueisle streets.

For the Boro. of Centre Hall, in a Room at Runkles Hotel.

For the Boro. of Howard, at Public School House in said Boro.

For the Boro. of Millheim in a Room at National Hotel.

For the Boro. of Milesburg, in a new Borough Building on Market street.

For the Boro. of South Philipsburg, at the Dwelling House of John Summers.

For the Boro. of Unionville, at the new School House in said Boro.

For the Boro. of State College, Room on the 2nd floor of the Holmes Building.

For the Township of Benner (North Precinct) at the Knox School House.

For the Township of Benner (South Precinct) at Hoys School House.

For the Township of Boggs (East Precinct) at Hall of Knights of Labor in the Village of Curtin.

For the Township of Boggs (West Precinct) at the School House in Central City.

For the Township of Boggs (North Precinct) at the Public School House known as Walker's School House.

For the Township of Burnside, at the Building owned by Wm. Watson.

For the Township of College at the School House in the Village of Lemont.

For the Township of Curtin, at the School House near Robert Mann's.

For the Township of Ferguson (East Precinct) at the Public House of J. A. Decker, in Pine Grove Mills, (now R. R. Randolph.)

For the Township of Ferguson (West Precinct) at Baileyville Hall in Village of Baileyville.

For the Township of Gregg (East Precinct in room of House occupied by Andrew Zettle, at Penn Hall.

For the Township of Gregg (West Precinct) in a Room at David Rhule's (now Geo. C. Kings Hotel.)

For the Township of Gregg (North Precinct) at Murrays School House.

For the Township of Haines (East Precinct) at the Public School House at Woodward.

For the Township of Haines (West Precinct) at the public House or Hotel at Aaronsourg.

For Half-Moon Township, at the Grand Army Post Hall, in the Village of Stormstown.

For the Township, of Harris, at the Town Hall in the Public School House in the Village of Boalsburg.

For the Township of Howard, at the Office of Howard Creamery Company.

For the Township of Huston, 2nd floor of the building owned by J. C. Nason, Julian.

For the Township of Liberty, at the School House in Eagleville.

For the Township of Marion, at the Shop of Samuel Aley in the Village of Jacksonville.

For the Township of Miles (East Precinct) at the dwelling House of Jasper Wolf, at Wolfs Store.

For the Township of Miles (Middle Precinct) at the Hall known as Harter's Hall, in Rebersburg.

For the Township of Miles (West Precinct) in the empty Store Room of Elias Miller, at Madisonburg.

For the Township of Patton, at the House of Peter Murray.

For the Township of Penn, at the House formerly owned by Luther Guisewhite, at Coburn.

For the Township of Potter (North Precinct) at the Old Fort Hotel.

For the Township of Potter (South Precinct) at the Hotel in the Village of Potters Mills.

For the Township of Potter (West Precinct) at the Store of George Meese at Colyer.

For the Township of Rush (North Precinct) at the School House at Cold Stream.

For the Township of Rush (South Precinct) at the Public School House at the Village of Powelton.

For the Township of Snow Shoe (East Precinct) in 2nd floor of Buddinger building, in the Village of Snow Shoe (over Barber Shop.)

For the Township of Snow Shoe, (West Precinct) at the House of Mrs. L. B. Davis, Moshannon. (Now Alonzo Grove.)

For the Township of Spring (West Precinct) at the Office of the Nail Works.

For the Township of Spring (North Precinct) in the Office of the Empire Iron Co. lessees of the Valentine Iron Works, (now Nittany Iron Company.)

For the Township of Spring (South Precinct) at the Public House of Gotlieb Haag, in the Village of Pleasant Gap, (now John Mullinger.)

For the Township of Taylor, at the House erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Merryman.

For the Township of Union, at the Township public Building.

For the Township of Walker (West Precinct) in the dwelling House of John Royer in the Village of Zion.

For the Township of Walker (Middle Precinct) at the Grange Hall in the Village of Hublersburg.

For the Township of Walker (East Precinct) in Robbs Hotel (now Frank Emerick) in the Village of Nittany.

For the Township of Worth, at the Hall of the Knights of the Golden Eagle, at Port Matilda.

The following is the official list of nominations made by the several parties, and as their names will appear upon the tickets to be voted for on the 4th day of November, 1902, at the different voting places in Centre County as certified to, respectively by the Secretary of the Commonwealth and the Commissioners of Centre County, to wit:

REPUBLICAN NOMINEES.

Governor:—
Samuel W. Pennypacker.
Lieutenant Governor:—
William M. Brown.
Secretary of Internal Affairs:—
Isaac B. Brown.
Representative in Congress:—
Solomon R. Dresser.
Senator in the General Assembly:—
Alexander E. Patton.
Representative in the General Assembly:—
John N. Schoonover.
James B. Strohm.
Sheriff:—
Henry Lowry.
Treasurer:—
Philip D. Foster.
Register:—
Earle C. Tuten.
Recorder:—
Harry H. Hewitt.
County Commissioners:—
Abram V. Miller.
John G. Bailey.
Auditors:—
Archibald Allison.
Harry B. Pontius.
Coroner:—
Scott M. Huff.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

Governor:—
Robert E. Pattison.
Lieutenant Governor:—
George W. Guthrie.
Secretary of Internal Affairs:—
James Nolan.
Representative in Congress:—
Delos Eugene Hibner.
Senator in the General Assembly:—
William C. Heinle.
Representative in the General Assembly:—
J. H. Wetzel.
J. W. Kepler.
Sheriff:—
H. S. Taylor.
Treasurer:—
W. J. Carlin.
Register:—
A. G. Archey.
Recorder:—
John C. Rowe.
County Commissioners:—
Philip H. Meyer.
E. A. Humpton.
Auditors:—
John H. Beck.
W. H. Tibbens.
Coroner:—
H. S. Braucht.

PROHIBITION NOMINEES.

Governor:—
Silas C. Swallow.
Lieutenant Governor:—
Lee L. Grumbine.
Secretary of Internal Affairs:—
Milton S. Marquis.
Representative in Congress:—
Benjamin N. McCoy.
Senator in the General Assembly:—
John Zeigler.
Representative in the General Assembly:—
Charles H. Else.
Jacob P. Smith.
Auditors:—
William M. Way.
George W. Heaton.

SOCIALIST LABOR NOMINEES.

Governor:—
William Adams.
Lieutenant Governor:—
Donald L. Munro.
Secretary of Internal Affairs:—
Frank Feehan.

SOCIALIST NOMINEES.

Governor:—
J. W. Slayton.
Lieutenant Governor:—
J. Mahlon Barnes.
Secretary of Internal Affairs:—
Harry C. Gould.

CITIZENS NOMINEES.

Governor:—
Samuel W. Pennypacker.
Lieutenant Governor:—
William M. Brown.
Secretary of Internal Affairs:—
Isaac B. Brown.

ANTI-MACHINE NOMINEES.

Governor:—
Robert E. Pattison.
Lieutenant Governor:—
George W. Guthrie.
Secretary of Internal Affairs:
James Nolan.

BALLOT REFORM NOMINEES.

Governor:—
Robert E. Pattison.
Lieutenant Governor:—
George W. Guthrie.
Secretary of Internal Affairs:
James Nolan.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That every person excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of this State, or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislature, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or United States, or of any City or incorporated district, and also every Member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or common council of any City, or Commissioners of any incorporated district is by Law, incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector, or clerk of any election of the Commonwealth and that no inspector, judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for, except that of an election officer.

Under the law of this Commonwealth for holding elections, the polls shall be open at 7 o'clock A. M. and close at 7 o'clock P. M.

Given under my hand and seal at my office in Bellefonte, this 18th day of October in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and two and in the one hundred and twenty sixth year of the Independence of the United States.

CYRUS BRUNGART,
Sheriff of Centre County.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section ten of article one of the Constitution, so that a discharge of a jury for failure to agree or other necessary cause shall not work an acquittal.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following be proposed as an amendment to the Constitution; that is to say, that section ten of article one, which reads as follows:

"No person shall, for any indictable offense be proceeded against criminally by information, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service, in time of war or public danger, or by leave of the court for oppression or misdemeanor in office. No person shall, for the same offense, be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall private property be taken or applied to public use, without authority of law and without just compensation being first made or secured." be amended so as to read as follows:

No person shall, for any indictable offense, be proceeded against criminally by information except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger by leave of the court for oppression or demeanor in office. No person shall, for same offense, be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; *but a discharge of a jury for failure to agree, or other necessary cause shall not work an acquittal.* Nor shall private property be taken or applied to public use, without authority of law and without just compensation being first made or secured.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, that the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

Amendment.

Add at the end of section seven, article three, the following words: "Unless before it shall be introduced in the General Assembly, such proposed special or local law shall have been first submitted to a popular vote, at a general or special election in the locality or localities to be affected by its operation, under an order of the court of common pleas of the respective county after hearing and application granted, and shall have been approved by a majority of the voters at such election: Provided, That no such election shall be held until the decree of court authorizing the same shall have been advertised for at least thirty (30) days in the locality or localities affected, in such manner as the court may direct.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

W. W GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

American Perfumes

When it comes to QUALITY the American Perfumes have it—although some still cling to the foreign names, liking anything "foreign" whether it has real superiority or not. We are showing the favorite and new odors of Colgate, Palmer, Wright, Reiger, Stearns, Spiehler, and other leading American Perfumes—and invite you to come here for your perfumes. Of course, we handle the imported Perfumes also and should be pleased to supply you.

Green's Pharmacy,

BUSH HOUSE BLOCK, Bellefonte, Pa.

CHOATE'S ADVICE.

It Led a Choleric Client Into the Paths of Peace.

It seems always to have lain within the power of the distinguished lawyer and humorist, Rufus Choate, to lead a choleric client from way's of anger into the paths of peace. Just before the war a southern gentleman was dining with a friend in one of the best hotels of Boston. He was of French creole extraction, and his name was Delacour, says a writer in Lippincott's Magazine. The waiter was a colored man, and the southerner gave his orders in a very domineering fashion, finding fault freely with what was put before him and the way in which it was served. Finally the waiter became incensed and told Mr. Delacour to go to a place warm and remote. The latter sprang furiously to his feet and would have shot the offender dead if he had not been restrained by his wiser friend, who said:

"You can't do that sort of thing here. You will have to remember where you are."

"Do you suppose that I am going to put up with such insolence and not be revenged?" said the enraged man.

"Certainly not. But do it by process of law."

The landlord was first interviewed and the waiter discharged. That was not sufficient to satisfy the wounded feelings of Mr. Delacour. He asked who was the best lawyer in the city and was told it was Rufus Choate. Making his way to his office, he said:

"Mr. Choate, I want to engage you in a case. What will your retaining fee be?"

"About $50."

The check was made out and handed over.

"Now," said the lawyer, "what are the facts of the case?"

He was told. Said Mr. Choate thoughtfully:

"I know the United States law on the subject well, and I know the law of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, and I can assure you, sir, that there is no power on earth strong enough to force you to go to that place if you don't want to go. And if I were you I wouldn't."

"Well," said the southerner, accepting the situation, "I think I'll take your advice." And they parted good friends.

POULTRY POINTERS.

Supply plenty of gravel to fowls that are being fattened in confinement.

Chickens should never be allowed to go on the roosts until ten or twelve weeks old.

Lime is a purifier and should be used as a wash on the coops, perches and nest boxes.

If a hen lays soft shelled eggs, give her plenty of gravel, oyster shells and crushed bone.

Ducks should be allowed as much liberty as possible. They are not partial to confinement.

Flat eggs, eggs within eggs, double yolked eggs and other unnatural formations are due to the hens being overfat.

Geese may be fattened on any kind of grain if fed all that they will eat for about ten days before sending them to market. Corn, peas and barley are best.

Young chicks of fancy breeding should not be permitted to roost on perches until after they are eight months old, as it often causes crooked breast bones.

Accumulating filth is a prolific source of disease, especially gapes. After the poultry yard is cleaned up sprinkle it well with diluted carbolic acid and a little copperas.

Adding Insult to Injury.

She had just handed him the frosty mitt, but he was game to the last hurdle.

"If you are ever in trouble," he said, "do not hesitate to lift up your voice, and you will find me 'Johnny on the spot.'"

"I'm in trouble now," answered the human refrigerator, with a sigh long drawn out.

"And, behold," exclaimed the unsuspecting youth, "I am here."

"Yes," she said, "that's the trouble."—Chicago News.

No, Not You.

"Mamma, what was that fuzzy bundle you took out of papa's vest pocket and threw in the fireplace just now?"

"That was an accumulation of household recipes your father cut out of the papers downtown and put away for my benefit. I have to clean them out of his pocket about once a month."—Chicago Tribune.

A Faulty Appraisement.

Mr. Spriggins prides himself on understanding the value of money."

"And that's where Mr. Spriggins makes a mistake," said the liberal man. "He expects a dollar to buy two or three times as much as it has any right to and is continually being annoyed and disappointed."—Washington Star.

Fatal to His Candidacy.

"You have just as much right and theoretically just as good a chance as anybody else to be president," says the patriotic citizen to his neighbor.

"I cannot agree with you," sighs the neighbor. "We have no children, and that fact alone would lose me the photographers' vote."—Judge.

A Corner In Eggs.

"That old hen just seems to be bursting with pride," remarked the farmer's dog.

"Pride? Nothing of the sort. It's eggs," replied the Leghorn rooster. "She thinks she's a financier, and she's trying to stop laying until there's a rise in price."—Exchange.

FORCING A FASHION.

How Hats Were Introduced to the South African Savages.

Andries De Villiers, a Boer, was the person who first introduced hats among the South African natives, says the Hatters' Gazette, and profit, not philanthropy, was his motive. One morning many years ago he chanced in Port Elizabeth to come across a consignment of damaged hats offered for a mere song. He bought the whole lot, packed them away in his wagon and started for Kaffirland.

When he reached Tembuland, he unloaded his stock, opened his kegs of liquor, without which no trade was made in those days, and began business. But he found his venture likely to prove an unprofitable one. The natives did not want hats. They wanted blankets and beads and looking glasses and above all liquor, but they looked askance at hats. Then a bright idea came to Andries. He wanted to introduce those hats. He did introduce them. His simple expedient was to refuse to sell anything to a Kaffir unless he bought a hat too. The Kaffirs wanted his goods, so they bought the hats.

When a Kaffir buys anything, he feels bound to make use of it. The natives therefore donned their head gear and returned to their kraals. Now appeared the brilliancy of the trader's idea. Fashion rules the world. It is as strong in Africa as in America, and when those who had stayed at home saw the travelers return in all the glory of this strange covering they felt behindhand and old fashioned. Their desire to possess the latest thing in hats became intense. They paid Andries a visit, and his stock no longer hung heavy upon his hands. The hats were soon sold.

This happened some time ago, and now every trading store keeps a supply of hats constantly on hand. They are said to be manufactured expressly for the natives, and no one who glances at the show will doubt it.

A JUGGLER'S TRICK.

Clever Feat of Illusion Performed by an East Indian.

The wonderful feats of East Indian jugglers have formed the theme of many a letter from travelers in the orient, but none is more surprising than that for which an old seadog vouches. While he was an officer on board a P. and O. steamship two natives came aboard at Madras, he says. They were a juggler and his assistant. After they had performed a number of minor feats and gathered quite a crowd around them they called for a sack and a piece of sailcloth.

These having been provided, the chief juggler made a small tentlike structure with the canvas and some stools. He then placed his assistant in the sack and allowed a sailor to tie the knot which bound him a fast prisoner. This done, the chief carried the sack into an open space, warning the people to stand back some distance, and then carried on an animated conversation with his assistant, whose replies could be distinctly heard coming from the sack. Suddenly the chief rushed forward, picked up the sack and dumped it overboard, where, to the horror of the passengers and crew, it sank out of sight.

Immediately the captain rushed forward and seized the man, under the full belief that he had murdered his companion, but the juggler only smiled and, pointing to the canvas, asked that it be raised. This was done, and the supposed drowned man was discovered squatting on the deck. So realistic had been the throwing overboard, however, that it was some time before the surprised passengers could realize a murder had not been committed.

Church and Workmen.

It would be an exaggeration to say that all working people feel antagonistic toward the church. Their general attitude is rather that of indifference. The thinking poor are well enough aware that there is nothing unnatural in the situation and that if the tables were so turned that world advantage shifted to their side it would probably remain unchanged. At times their feeling, especially toward the clergy, is curiously sympathetic. "Say," remarked a labor leader of vivid mind to the writer—"say, I'm awfully sorry for ministers. Most of them are real good men. They know well enough what Christ meant, and they'd like first rate to preach if they dared. But, Lord, how can they? They've got to draw their salaries; they've got families to support." All this quite without a touch of irony.—Vida D. Scudder in Atlantic.

Pulling Out the Pegs.

Susie, aged four, had been out in the country on a visit. On her return she urged her mother to let her keep a cow.

"But, Susie," said the mother, "there is no one here to take care of the cow and milk it."

"Oh, yes. I'll do that, mamma."

"Can you milk a cow? How do you do it?"

"Oh, I know how. I'll just pull the pegs out like the man does."—Lippincott's.

The Responsibility.

Anxious Father—Do the best you can for him, doctor. That is all I can ask. If it is the will of Providence—

Surgeon—Don't try to place the responsibility on Providence in this case, Mr. McJones. You bought the toy pistol for the boy yourself.

His Art.

"Oh, Mr. Growells," gushed Miss Nupson, "how did you ever learn to paint such beautiful pictures?"

"I asked a man once," replied the artist, "and he told me how."—Indianapolis News.

A MAN'S BLUSHES.

He Will Fly the Red Signal More Quickly Than a Woman.

"If there is any one thing that makes me want to get up and talk right out in meeting it is to hear it said of a man that 'he blushes like a woman,'" said the social philosopher to a representative of the New York Times.

"How women ever gained the reputation of having run up a corner in blushes is beyond my comprehension. The report does her a grave injustice, for as a matter of fact she not only has no monopoly in blushes, but does not make use of the share that properly belongs to her. There are some women, of course, who blush if you even blink an eyelid in their direction, but as a general thing men blush much more readily and more violently than women.

"This is not a random statement that I am making for the purpose of hearing myself talk, but a sober deduction founded on careful observation. For years I have made it a point to study the sexes in moments of embarrassment, and the statistics I have jotted down prove that in nine cases out of ten the average man will fly the red signal of distress much more quickly than the average woman. This holds good in all sorts of situations.

"Crack a joke at a man's expense, he blushes; ply him with awkward questions, he blushes; subject him to some humiliation or let some ludicrous accident befall him in public, and he straightway rivals the boiled lobster in hue. A woman may redden slightly under the same circumstances, but her blush is diluted and perfunctory compared with the brilliant, sunlit glow that suffuses the countenance of man.

"I don't attempt to explain the phenomenon—physiologists and moralists may do that if they can—but merely give the facts for what they are worth in the hope that the next time a story writer has a crop of blushes to dispose of he will ring a few changes on the old phrase that has done duty for generations and say of the heroine that she 'blushed like a man.'"

FIRE ALARM BOXES.

The System In New York and How It Is Operated.

Greater New York is thickly studded with lamppost fire alarm boxes. The directions on each box, which is painted red and is surmounted at night by a red light, are:

"Turn handle to right until door opens; then pull inside hook once and shut the door." The opening of the box rings a large bell in the door, which alarm is intended to notify any one in the neighborhood, especially the nearest policeman, that the box has been opened. The policeman will then make sure that this was not done out of mischief by some one who wanted to see the engines arrive or, as recently happened, by a raw maidservant who wanted to mail a letter. When the inside lever is pulled down and let go, it sets in motion a certain clockwork that ticks out the number of the box three times in succession at headquarters in Sixty-seventh street. Not only that, but it makes a record upon a tape, showing the number of the box and the exact second at which the lever was pulled.

A clerk who sits night and day beside the headquarters instrument notes the number and selects from a drawer a certain disk which when inserted in the proper apparatus causes the alarm to be rung in the station houses of the district in which that firebox is situated. The average time required to select this disk and send out the alarm is ten seconds. There are always two clerks and sometimes three in this department. Not a word is spoken. An outsider would hardly know that an alarm is going out. In order to prevent several alarms coming at the same time from people who see the same fire and run to different boxes no two neighboring boxes are on the same circuit.—Scribner's.

Who Told the Fib?

The bell rang, and the occupier of the apartment started to the window to see who the visitor might be. To his annoyance he saw a persistent creditor who had evidently called again for payment of his long outstanding account. The impecunious one instantly called to his youthful son and said:

"Tommy, go to the door at once. I don't want to see that man. Tell him I'm not at home."

"Oh, papa, I thought you never told fibs," remarked Tommy.

"I don't, my boy. It's you that's going to tell one. Now run off."—New York Times.

Fixing the Blame.

Mr. Snow was seen holding the weekly paper as far away as he could get it and working his head from side to side, with squinted eyes. "Soho! Your sight's begun to fail ye at last," said the visitor bluntly. "Well, 'tain't surprising at your age."

Mr. Snow glared. "My eyesight's all right!" he roared! "The only trouble is my pesky arm isn't long enough!"—Youth's Companion.

Fame.

"When I grow up," remarked Bobby Toughmuscles, "I am going to be the people's choice."

"Pugilist or president?" asked Tommy Sharpboy.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Every one should occasionally say "Whoa!" to himself. Because his friends do not say it does not indicate that he doesn't need it.—Atchison Globe.

An orange tree in full bearing has been known to produce 15,000 oranges; a lemon tree, 6,000 lemons.

12 Minutes for Lunch.

That is the average time spent in a large city restaurant by three thousand lunchers. It takes three hours to digest a fresh egg soft boiled; three hours to digest a boiled apple dumpling; three hours to digest fresh roast beef. In fact, three hours is about the time required to digest the average twelve minute lunch. The object of the hasty lunch is to let the busy man get back to his office work. But when the brain is active, the stomach is inactive for lack of necessary blood. The natural consequence is indigestion, and indigestion opens the door to many diseases.

Indigestion is cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, and enables the perfect digestion and assimilation of food.

"It is with heartfelt gratitude that I send this testimonial which I wish you to publish with my name and address," writes Mr. Willis Seaman, of Washingtonville, Orange Co., N. Y. "I had stomach trouble from childhood and suffered with it more or less as I grew up. At the age of 26 I was broken down with dyspepsia. My suffering was terrible. Could not eat without distress. Could only eat a few certain things and was not able to work half the time. Every thing I tried only gave me temporary relief. My wife finally persuaded me to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets.' I took six bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and two vials of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.' I then felt so well that I stopped taking medicine. Several months have passed and I can do the hardest kind of work, can eat anything that is set before me and enjoy it. I am 27 years old and this is the first time I have ever been well."

Free. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser in paper covers is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*; or 31 stamps for cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

A Fact For Workingmen.

When the American machinist concludes that he would rather work for $1.46 per day, the wages paid machinists in Glasgow, than for $2.25 per day, the wages paid machinists in New York, he will cast his vote for Democracy and free-trade. We will grant he may pay a little more for some things under protection, but we contend that his advanced wage more than offsets it.—Kingston "Mercury."

An Amusing Proposition.

It is unnecessary to add to the proof of the unprecedented prosperity of the nation. It is conceded. The amusing feature of the Democratic demand that the Republican party, to which this prosperity is due, shall be turned out and the Democratic party, which brought on the nation the frightful distress of 1894-6, restored to power.—Philadelphia "Press."

Look at the Sheep!

The number of sheep in the United States has increased twenty millions since the repeal of the Wilson tariff. A protective tariff always did increase the wealth of the farmer.—Clinton (Mo.) "Republican."

Origin of the Jinrikisha.

Most travelers in Japan would suppose that so general a Japanese institution as the jinrikisha was of native origin, but not so. An old resident of Yokohama writes to the Kobe Chronicle: "For several years after the institution of the jinrikisha it was generally understood among foreigners in Yokohama that Mr. Goble, 'half cobbler, half missionary,' was its inventor. Mr. Goble, though a rough looking sort of man, was regarded by the foreign residents of the port as an honest, consistent missionary. I believe it was he who built the first missionary chapel in Yokohama, and as long as it lasted it was known as 'Goble's church.' He was in the habit of taking long rambles in the country and doing a little peddling business, and, if my memory serves me rightly, he gave a commission to a blacksmith either in Kawasaki (on the Tokaido, between Yokohama and Tokyo) or in Fujisawa to construct the first jinrikisha. The vehicle took at once with the Japanese, but not so among the foreigners, with whom it was some time before it became a popular means of locomotion. Mr. Goble was an American citizen."

A Large Department.

Mr. McBride was showing his wife the workings of our national congress. The Detroit Free Press represents her as putting to her spouse this intelligent question:

"But where is the framing department?"

"The what?"

"I read in the papers that laws were framed in Washington," she explained.

The Real Test.

Hardup—I tried to sell those diamonds I bought of you and was told they were not genuine.

Jeweler—Did you sell them?

Hardup—Yes, for almost nothing.

Jeweler—Well, you go back and try to buy them, and you will find out that they are genuine.—New York Weekly.

A Safe Age.

The insuring of one's life is one of those things which one is most apt to put off. There are few, however, who postpone what ought to be the inevitable until so late a period in life as did the tough old smack owner of Grimsby. When he presented himself at the insurance office, he was naturally asked his age. His reply was, "Ninety-four." "Why, my good man, we cannot insure you," said the company. "Why not?" he demanded. "Why, you are ninety-four years of age." "What of that?" the old man cried. "Look at statistics, and they will tell you that fewer men die at ninety-four than at any other age."—London Business Illustrated.

A CONTRAST IN BOYS

TOWN AND COUNTRY LADS IN THE STRUGGLE OF LIFE.

Of the Men Who Have Achieved Great Prominence In Public Affairs the Rural Boys Are at Least Twenty to One Over the City Lads.

A country boy's lack of opportunity is his best equipment for the serious struggle of life. This sounds paradoxical, but it is true. It is just as true as the opposite proposition, that the greatest hindrances a city boy has to contend with are the opportunities which beset him when young and pursue him till he begins the real business of life, a business which each individual must carry on for himself. For the city boy everything is made as easy as possible. Even pleasure becomes to him an old story before he is out of his teens. Brought up in the feverish rush of a place where great things are happening day by day, he sees the world with a cynic's eyes and despises the small things which, like the bricks in a house, go to the upbuilding of characters and careers. He believes in using large markers in the game of life; for pennies and small units of value he has little taste and scant regard.

The conditions surrounding the country boy are as different as possible. There is a deal of regular work that every country boy must do, and this regularity of employment, mostly out of doors, inculcates industrious habits, while it contributes to a physical development which in after years is just as valuable as any athletic training that can be had. He cannot run as fast perhaps as those trained by a system. He may not be able to jump so high or so far or excel in any of the sports upon which we bestow so much time and from which we get so much of pleasure, but his development enables him to buckle down to the hard work in which hours are consumed and from which very little or no immediate pleasure is extracted. His strength may be something like that of the cart horse, but the cart horse is to be preferred where a long and steady pull is required. The thoroughbred race horse has a fine flight of speed and canters with delightful lightness and grace along the park bridle paths, but the heavy work is the work most in demand, and for that we want the draft animals every time.

Enthusiasm is the spur to endeavor, and at the same time it is the savor of life. The country boy whose ambition has taken him to town comes filled with enthusiasms. Even the little things are novelties to him, and as he accomplishes this and that he feels that he is doing something not only interesting, but valuable. His simple tastes have not been spoiled by a multiplicity of gratifications, and so he is glad of everything good that comes his way. At thirty, if he leads a clean life, he has more of the boy in him than his city cousin has left at fifteen. He does what is before him because it is his duty, while the other is apt cynically to question the value of doing anything and ask, "What is the use?"

Of the men who have achieved great prominence and high influence in our affairs of state the country boys are at least twenty to one over the city lads. Nowadays indeed our cynical city lads look upon men who take an active interest in public affairs as rather low fellows and quite beneath their association and notice. But the country boys are at the top in other lines of endeavor. In finance they are pre-eminent, and the great bank presidents today in the great cities nearly all learned to read and to cipher in country schools where birch and ferule had not succumbed to the civilizing influences of scientific pedagogy. Our great railways were in the main built by them, and today the administrators of these great companies are in great measure from farms and country villages, from places where work began in early infancy and a sense of duty developed while still the lisp of childhood lingered.

Some city boys, however, are of such sturdy stuff and endowed with such natural gifts that they succeed by reason of their inherent superiority. Others succeed abundantly because they have used their opportunities wisely and in real life have pursued the same course which enables so many country boys to win fame and fortune. The more honor to them for having survived their too great opportunities. But the country boy when he comes to town reaches out for the high places. Though not all find seats of the mighty, nearly all of the exalted stations are filled in the end by men of country birth and country rearing, for they usually start out with the sound theory that what is worth having is worth striving for.—John Gilmer Speed in Brandur Magazine.

Scotch Civility.

A lady went out in search of two others who had gone out for a walk some time before. She met an old man and asked him if he saw two ladies pass this way. "Na, nor I wisna lookin' for them."

She met another and asked the same question. "Na, but there micht 'a' been ten pass't for onything 'at I ken or care."

At last she met a boy and asked the same question. He replied, "Na, I didna see ony ladies, but I saw twa auld wives."—Scottish American.

His Boy's Future.

"Are you educating you son for any particular calling?"

"Yes."

"What?"

"Well, he made his own selection, and as near as I can find out he is educating himself to be the husband of an heiress."—Chicago Post.

BOXING THE COMPASS.

The Test Between a Sailor and a Landlubber.

Boys who live in seaport towns are sometimes asked to "box the compass." If they can do it quickly and accurately, they are fine sailors and may grow up to be the captain of a four master. If they miss a point or can only do it slowly, they are landlubbers and will never see blue water. To box the compass means to name all the points in order just as fast as you can speak. This is the way an old down east skipper will rattle it off: North, nor' by east, nor'-nor'east, nor'east by north, northeast, nor'east by east, east-nor' east, east by north, east, east by south, east-sou'east, sou'east by east, sou'east, sou'east by south, sou'-sou'east, sou' by east, south, sou' by west, sou'-sou'west, sou'west by south, sou'west, sou'west by west, west-sou'west, west by south, west, west by north, west-nor'west, nor'west by west, nor'west, nor'west by north, nor'-nor'west, nor' by west, north.

Can you do it?

If a needle is drawn a few times over the ends of a horseshoe magnet, it becomes magnetized. Push such a magnetized needle through a small cork. Place the cork in a bowl of water, taking pains to see that the cork when it floats on the water will carry the needle in a horizontal position or "on an even keel." Another way is to cut about three inches from a hollow straw (such as is used to suck lemonade) and to push the needle inside the straw. The straw will float and carry the needle. Now observe what happens. The floating needle will slowly swing round till it points north and south. The straw will behave in the same way. Push it in any other direction, and the moment it is free it swings back again.

We do not know who first observed the fact that a floating magnetized needle will point to the north. Nor do we know precisely when or where some unknown inventor used this idea to make a compass. All we know is that the Chinese made and used compasses more than 2,000 years ago.

When men began, perhaps 10,000 years ago, to sail upon the water, they used marks upon the shore to guide them on their way. Long years after they observed that a certain star kept at all times the same place in the sky, and they used this pole star as a guide in steering their ships. Today a steamship starting down the Hudson river for Europe is guided by the pilot, and he uses the buoys, beacons and other guide marks to steer the ship down the bay. Off Sandy Hook he gives up the ship to the captain, who instructs the helmsman to steer northeast by east, east by north or whatever course he selects, and the helmsman, watching the compass, keeps the ship headed in that direction.—Dallas News.

COOKING HINTS.

Chocolate is greatly improved by adding a teaspoonful of strong coffee just before serving.

In adding flour to gravies, always use a flour dredger and there will be no lumps in the gravy.

Some housekeepers vary the flavor of potato salad by boiling the potatoes for it in stock, or, if it is more convenient, in the soup kettle.

In using sour milk the proportion for gingerbread, biscuits, cake or almost any dough or batter is one teaspoon of baking soda to two cups of sour milk.

If making a gelatin dessert on a hot or a wet day, add a little more gelatin than the recipe requires, half as much again if you wish to mold fruit into the jelly.

Eggs a la ranigote is made by boiling eggs three and a half minutes, roll in beaten egg and fine bread crumbs, fry in deep fat; when brown, drain on paper, garnish with parsley and serve with ranigote sauce.

To make a small shortcake take a pint of pastry flour, rub in lard the size of an egg, teaspoonful cream of tartar, half teaspoonful soda, salt, and mix with sweet milk. Bake in quick oven, split and butter and add fruit.

Moral Suasion and a Strap.

"She seems to have abandoned her moral suasion ideas relative to the training of children."

"She has?"

"How did it happen?"

"Well, I was largely instrumental in bringing about the change. You see, she has no children of her own, and I grew weary of her constant preaching and theorizing, so I loaned her our Willie."

"Loaned her your boy?"

"Precisely. She was to have him a week on her solemn promise to confine herself entirely to moral suasion."

"Did she keep her promise?"

"She did, but at the expiration of the week she came to me with tears in her eyes and pleaded for permission to whale him just once."—New York Mail and Express.

For the Use of the Right Hand.

The buttons on coats, etc., are placed on the right side and the shed of the hair in boys to the left evidently to suit manipulation by the right hand. The great philosopher Newton records that at first he confined his astronomical observations to his right eye, but afterward he managed to train his left. But there are persons who could not do this owing to the unequal strength of their eyes.—Chambers' Journal.

Entertained Her.

"Did Miss Gaddy entertain your proposal?" asked the close friend.

"No," was the sad answer. "It seemed to work just the other way."—Exchange.

The longest pendulum ever made was 377 feet in length and was swung from the second platform of the Eiffel tower.

WILL BE EXHAUSTIVE

Commission Selected by President Roosevelt Has No Easy Task.

HOW THE BODY WAS CHOSEN

Report Made by It Likely to Furnish Basis for Adjustment for Similar Troubles in the Future.

GENERAL WILSON MAY BE ITS HEAD

WASHINGTON, October 17.—It will be noticed that the names of the members of the coal strike commission as announced in the official statement given out at the white house follows, to some extent, the classification suggested in the proposition of the coal operators. It was thought all along if the miners should agree to the proposition of the operators as made to the president Monday night, that the selection from the classification of a distinguished engineering officer of the army "or" navy, would be restricted to the army, and General Wilson's name was the first suggested in that connection. The only names seriously mentioned in connection with the proposition of the operators that an expert mining engineer be one of the members, were Dr. David T. Day, chief of the division of mineral resources of the geological survey, and Mr. Parker, one of his assistants, and perhaps the best authority on coal in the United States. It was known, however, that Dr. Day would not care to take the office and was urging Mr. Parker's selection. It was generally expected that Colonel Wright would be called with the commission, on account of his long identification with labor matters and the complete confidence the president and his advisers, as well as both miners and operators, have in him. Two of the six members, viz., General Wilson and Mr. Parker, and the recorder, Commissioner of Labor Wright, live in this city, and they are ready to begin their labors at any time. The others, it is said, will be able to come here without delay and begin the labors of the commission. Mr. Parker was Friday in New Haven, Conn., where he is attending the convention of the American Institute of Mining Engineers.

The work of the commission will be exhaustive and will take considerable time. It is the president's desire that the inquiry be very thorough and that the commission perform the labors set before it so completely as to secure not only a final adjustment of the present troubles, but also to furnish a basis on which similar great labor troubles may be averted in the future. It is said the first step will be to appoint a chairman. Who will officiate, of course, is not settled but depends on the individual members of the body. General Wilson, formerly chief of the engineer corps of the army, heads the list of members and may be chosen as chairman of the commission.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., October 17.—Edgar E. Clark, of this city, one of the members of the coal arbitration board, has served continuously since 1890 as grand chief conductor of the Order of Railway Conductors. He was born at Lima, N. Y., February 18, 1856. His father died six years later. He came west in 1872, and after serving as breakman on various roads because a conductor on the Denver and Rio Grande in 1884. He was elected grand senior conductor of the Order of Railway Conductors at Denver in 1888, and in 1890, at Rochester, N. Y., was chosen grand chief conductor. Since 1890 he has been unanimously re-elected each year. While at Ogden he married Miss Lavinia Jenkins. They have four children. Mr. Clark is republican in politics.

WASHINGTON, October 17.—General John M. Wilson, United States army, retired, who was named by the president Thursday night as one of the members of the strike commission, called upon Secretary of War Root Thursday and announced his acceptance of the appointment.

A Mountain of Baggage.

Few persons appreciate the tremendous passenger business that is being handled by the railroads. Here is an illustration that will open the eyes of some.

For the first six days of September there were received at the New York Central's Grand Central Station, New York, 34,259 pieces of baggage an average of 5,709 pieces per day. During the second week of September the average was a little over 3,000 pieces per day. The baggage came in so rapidly and there was such an amount of it to be handled in a comparatively small space that it was with the greatest difficulty that the platforms were kept clear for incoming trains.

The first week in September is always the heaviest week in the year; so many people returning on the first of September from the Lake and Mountain resorts, in order to put the children in school, that it makes an immense traffic. The fact that this great amount of baggage was handled with reasonable promptitude and that very few trunks were either lost or seriously damaged, speaks volumes for the efficiency of our transportation lines.

AROUND THE CIRCLE.

Many Shocking Spectacles, Business Affairs, Church Improvements,

It seems to me that my trip this week was as full of incident as that of last week was lacking in events worthy of mention. Before I reached the road leading to Lemont two citizens of Bellefonte agreed to take the paper. Then as soon as I reached an eminence where the broad fields were displayed to view the most shocking scenes were evident. There were repetitions of these all the way to Millheim except where hills obstructed the view. Fields for miles and miles were full of them—the yellow corn stalks cut and properly shocked, except where the strong wind had overturned them; and here and there piles of corn ears lay gleaming on the ground, and no wonder there was huskiness even in the voices of those at work in the fields.

Among the first citizens that I met with whom to hold more than a momentary conversation was John Holderman. He is now 82 years of age, is a veteran of the civil war, and is the father of Daniel, William and Grant Holderman of Bellefonte. He is a life-long resident of that neighborhood and a gentleman of great excellence, though now feeble with the infirmities of war experience and age.

Philip S. Dale resides near by. While talking with him he called my attention to the superior lime stone quarry facilities which exist on part of his farm. It immediately adjoins the railroad. He believes the quality of the limestone is very superior. The pike road extends directly through it with a 40 ft. descent to the railroad. There are facilities for operating a quarry of 100 ft. face, and it is certainly worthy the careful inspection of lime experts. The raw material is practically inexhaustible. The noise of the thrasher at Austin Dale's barn notified me that Cornelius Kline, who operates it, must be there. He told me that this has been his busiest season in years and recently at Owen Mothersbaugh's he thrashed 1065 bushels of wheat in nine hours. When I reached the home of John A. Kline, his daughter, Miss Minnie, and the entire family made me so warmly welcome that I was glad to remain. It is the second time that I have enjoyed the abounding hospitality of this family and it is unnecessary to say that it is delightful. They are a busy household in all departments. They have an incubator, hundreds of chickens, scores of horses, cows and hogs and other life stock galore.

Edward Sellers has moved from Centre Hall to Oak Hall and expects to operate his foundry at the latter place to its full capacity. Oak Hall and Boalsburg seem to be all one place, of which Oak Hall is the business part and Boalsburg the residence and church portion. Just now very extensive improvements and changes are almost completed to the Reformed church in Boalsburg, including the rebuilding of the fine pipe organ, which was the first ever brought into this county. The changes involve an expense of $7,000 and dedicatory services are expected to be held on the first Sunday in November. J. C. Reed, of Boalsburg, became a subscriber.

Just outside of Boalsburg, where several men were awaiting with loads of apples at a cider press, J. H. Ramels, of Shingletown, gave me his name. Then I went on toward Potters Mills, necessarily having to pass over some ground that I had traversed before quite recently, my objective point being Millheim. Among the residents of Boalsburg whom I spoke with was Miss Sallie Keller. Oh I almost forgot—there was a very fin wedding celebrated that very day i honor of my presence in Boalsburg. Th lady was Miss Bailey and the gentlema Mr. Mothersbaugh. It took place a noon and it was with the profounde regret that I had to leave the town a hour or two earlier—about 10 a. m and so could not be present. But he are my hearty congratulations all t e same.

That night, partly to see the coun y and also because of a previous invi ation, I went three miles out in the mountains to where Samuel Reeder lives, en route adding the name of B. F. Rickard, who operates a saw mill there. Though so far back in the mountains, it is a pleasant spot. The farm is large and Mr. and Mrs. Reeder the very personifications of kindness and courtesy. On my way back I added Mrs Emma Flory and a little later Lloyd Smith.

It was nearly noon when I reached Potters Mills. There several persons subscribed, including Samuel Bible, Frank R. Pennington and J. F. Stover. At the last mentioned place I found Mr. Stover getting ready for a trip to Milroy. He is in the business of enlarging photographs and has on hand an extensive assortment of frames, mats, mouldings, glass, water color and crayon portraits, and also an assistant to help in his large business. His shipping address is Centre Hall.

As soon as I reached Spring Mills I entered Chas. P. Long's store and found that gentleman very busy as usual. While there I met J. D. Decker, of Potters Mills, who subscribed. I repaired to G. C. King's very excellent hotel for the night. Before I departed from Spring Mills for Millheim John Snavely, a young and agreeable business man of the former place, renewed his subscription. W. C. Worrell became a scriber.

At Millheim I met quite a number of citizens and had the pleasure of enrolling Jacob Emerick, a civil war veteran, on the roll of honor. John F. Reish's National hotel accommodated me over night and next day I returned to Coburn and then home.

NEWTON S. BAILEY.

An Autumn Afternoon in the Country

It was our rare good fortune Friday to receive an invitation from Mr. Claude Cook to take a drive with him, to his experimental farm up Marsh Creek, about ten miles from Bellefonte.

During our long residence here, we had never been in that part of the county, and had always been desirous of taking a trip in that direction, so accepted his invitation with alacrity. The afternoon was fine, the roads good, and with our good horse and buggy, the afternoon was pleasantly spent.

After passing through Milesburg, we commenced the gradual ascent of the mountain, and on the way saw many fine farms with their broad well tilled acres and comfortable homes. Passing the Advent Cemetery where lie the remains of more civil war heroes than are buried in any cemetery of the same size in the United States, (excepting those under government control), we reached and passed over the famous "divide" with its picturesque scenery and magnificent view, which extends for miles in every direction. We then drove through Yarnell, better known as "Walkers Settlement" with its comfortable and attractive homes and fine large school house, and about a mile from this point reached our destination.

Mr. Cook's farm has been in his possession for many years, and is situated in a beautiful vale which is just rolling enough to be easily and profitably farmed. The buildings are large and in fine repair, with the most convienient and elaborate spring house we have ever seen. There is an never failing supply of the purest mountain spring water which courses its way through the beautiful meadow land. It is dear eyes amidst the rough and rugg Alleghenies.

O ple ure as not confined to feasting rey s u the beauties of nature alo b t learned much of the my ries of a riculture from Mr. Cook, who has ive the subject a great deal of stu and attention. He can talk sci tifi lly and theoretically upon the be met ods of treating the soil to obtain di ren results, for instance, he explained by ne quality of soil may be all ri. tfo Ra ed but will not produce a sa fac ry cr p of Canada thistles. He al me le ar to us why potatoes had e s ory, and not ears like corn, nor h ds like cabbage, and why wheat had h ds nd t ards but no eyes nor ears. I tol us that it was only after deep r earch, that he discovered the cause of t e a ove peculiarities. He could not, wev r, explain to our satisfaction, why res ad t ir limbs covered with foliage rin the hot summer months, whilst in int they were so bare and exposed. As wa getting late and we wanted to reac home for supper we decided to lav the matter rest for the present.

Altogether it was an afternoon of pleasure and recreation, and we are much ndebted to Mr. Cook for the enjoyment he forded us.

Goes Like Hot Cakes.

The fastest selling article I have in my store," writes druggist C. T. Smith of Davis, Ky., "is Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, because it always cures. In my six years of sales it has never failed. I have known it to save sufferers from Throat and Lung diseases, who could get no help from doctors or any other remedy." Mothers rely on it, best physicians prescribe it, and guarantee satisfaction or refund price. Trial bottles free. Reg. sizes, 50c and $1. Green's Pharmacy.

—It is no longer true of the anthracite miners to say that "they work while you sleep."

—The plain truth about the matter is that the policies of political parties are changing.

Fire in Boggs Township.

Orvis Fetzer of North Boggs Township, has been very unfortunate within the last few weeks. He lives on the farm belonging to Mr. Francis S. Rhoads. About a month ago the house which he occupied caught fire and was entirely destroyed. He succeeded, however, in saving a portion of his household goods. He then fitted up the summer house in which he has been living since that time. Friday about noon this building from some unaccountable cause took fire also, and together with its contents was burned to the ground. A cook stove being the only thing saved. It is a sad loss to Mr. Fetzer as he and his family have lost their all, and as there was no insurance it is doubly hard.

—While attending funeral services at Lewistown over the remains of Wm. McGirk, who was killed on the railroad at Hollidaysburg a few days ago, Mrs. Mary Decker, seventy years old, widow of the late David Decker, of Strodes Mills, dropped dead of heart failure.

WILL THEY ACCEPT?

Scranton Hears Some Sensational Rumors Relative to Coming Convention.

NICHOLLS MAKES DENIAL

In Wilkesbarre It Is Believed Miners Will Accept, Although There Is Some Opposition.

SOLDIERS HAVING EASY TIMES

SCRANTON, October 18.—Reports were circulated Friday night that locals of the United Mine Workers in West Scranton, Pittston and some other localities had voted to instruct their delegates to oppose the acceptance of the operatcrs' proposition, unless the companies would agree to discharge the non-union men, take back all the old employes, drop the suite instituted against strikers and recognize the union. It was impossible to verify these reports, but the fact that they are persistently and generally circulated makes them worthy of note.

A significant fact in this connection was the concern of District President Nicholls Friday over a report in a morning paper, that be was at the head of a movement to oppose the acceptance of the proposition.

"This report," said Mr. Nicholls, early Friday evening, "is doing no end of mischief. It has caused our men to view the proposition with suspicion, and when they suspected it they commenced to look for the flaws which they supposed I had found in it. I have heard of locals in different places being disposed to vote against the proposition, and I must admit it is causing some worry at headquarters. I am satisfied, however, that the convention will accept the proposition. I want it stated that the report that I am opposed to the proposition is absolutely false and without foundation. I have been in favor of it from the very first and the vote of the district officers recommending its acceptance to the convention was unanimous."

"Will the leaders of the United Mine Workers give the members any advice or instructions regarding their conduct towards the non-union men?" was asked Mr. Nicholls.

"I do not think so," replied Mr. Nicholls. "I do not see that we are called upon to ask our men to take those fellows to their hearts and treat them as they would a dear friend. In 1900 I advised that the non-unionists be treated in a friendly manner, with a view of winning them over. I do not propose to do it again. As far as men who continued to work at their own jobs is concerned, I have nothing to say. As for those who went into the mines and took other workmen's places, I am of the opinion they are not worth winning to our side I don't think we want them."

A box of explosives, containing ten links of giant powder, two sacks of gunpowder, two sticks of dynamite and a partly burned fuse was found in a recently vacated house owned by a non-union man at Greasy Island, near the Thirteenth regiment's camp Friday night. A defect in the fuse prevented an explosion, which would have demolished the building. The find was made by soldiers acting as an escort to the owner of the building, when he went to board up the windows. Four foreigners, Anthony Betti, Paul Matelli, Hugo and Domenick Tribuse, who are suspected of knowing something of how the explosives came to be placed where they were found are in the Thirteenth regiment's guard house awaiting a hearing.

Major General Miller and his staff paid a visit Friday to the Eight, Twelfth and Thirteenth regiments. He could give no information as to when or how the troops would be withdrawn.

8 Cents

Eight cents a pound is what a young woman paid for twelve pounds of flesh.

She was thin and weak and paid one dollar for a bottle of Scott's Emulsion, and by taking regular doses had gained twelve pounds in weight before the bottle was finished.

Eight cents a pound is cheap for such valuable material. Some pay more, some less, some get nothing for their money. You get your money's worth when you buy Scott's Emulsion.

We will send you a little free.

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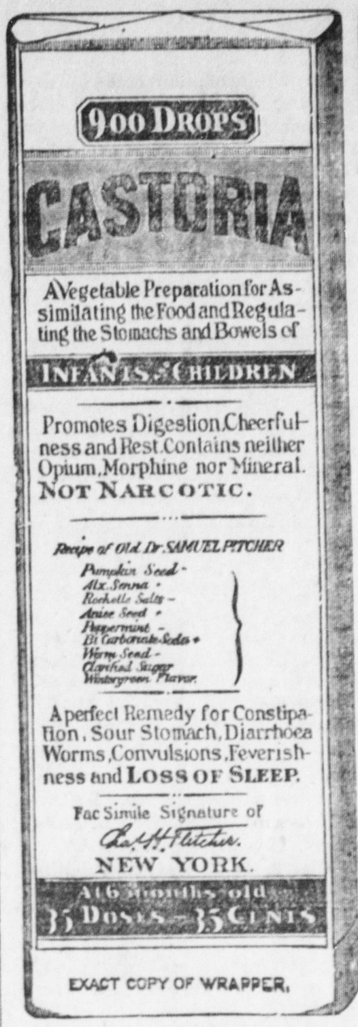
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THE HILLER—HAYS WEDDING.

Beautiful Nuptial Event Celebrated in the Presbyterian Church Thursday Evening.

The Bellefonte Presbyterian church Thursday night, was the scene of one of the prettiest weddings that has ever taken place within its sacred walls.

The edifice was comfortably filled with invited guests from Bellefonte and various other places, who were assembled there for the purpose of witnessing the wedding ceremony which united Miss Blanche Moran Hays and Dr. Hiram M. Hiller of Philadelphia as husband and wife.

The church was brilliantly illuminated, and the decorations for the occasion exceedingly handsome, plants and flowers being in profusion and were artistically arranged. A platform had been raised in front of the choir rail sufficiently high to enable every one to witness the ceremony with comfort, and in a satisfactory manner.

During the time the guests were congregating Mrs. R. G. H. Hayes, a friend of the bride, rendered the following program on the grand organ.

March—"Vienna" .....Clarke.
"Am Genper See" .....Bendel.
"Berceuse" .....Spinney.
"To the Evening Star"-Tannhauser .....Richard Wagner.
Gavotte—"Mignon" .....Thomas.
"Pastorale" .....Wachs.

As the hour of half past seven approached, suppressed excitment and expectancy pervaded throughout the large auditorium, which was hushed when the organ peeled forth the Wedding March from Lohengrin, and all eyes were directed toward the Northern aisle through which the bridal party reached the chancel. They were met there by the groom with his best man, Alfred G. Harrison, Jr., of Philadelphia, and Rev. William Laurie, D. D., LL. D., pastor of the church, who was the officiating clergyman. The bridal party advanced slowly and took their positions on the platform, preceded by the following ushers: John G. Clarke, George C. Stout, Archibald G. Thompson, Francis D. Patterson and Robert G. Laconte, of Philadelphia, and John Blanchard, of Bellefonte; then followed the bridesmaids: Miss Hiller, of Missouri, sister of the groom; Miss Louise Valentine, Miss Caroline Orvis, Miss Mary H. Linn, Mrs. W. Fred Reynolds and Miss Rebecca Blanchard, who were attired in white point d'esprit with wreaths of small white roses, and wore green sashes; each carried white chrysanthemums. The maid of honor, Miss Mary Blanchard, wore white, dotted lace over white silk, trimmed with Irish point medallions. Her bouquet was of maiden hair fern, and her short veil was fastened with a wreath of green leaves. The bride then entered with her brother, Dr. George L. Hays, of Pittsburg. Her gown was a court train of heavy old ivory satin, and the bodice and front of the skirt entirely covered with point de Venice lace. She wore a diamond brooch, the gift of the groom, and a small coronet of orange blossoms held her veil in place. She carried orchids and lillies of the valley. Beautiful at all times, she looked more charmingly beautiful than ever, and bore herself through the trying ordeal with exquisite grace and dignity.

When the chancel was reached her brother, Dr. Hays, stepped to one side and his place was taken by the groom. Dr. Laurie then using the beautiful ring service, proceeded with the simple and solemn marriage ceremony of the Presbyterian church, the responses being given clearly and distinctly. At its conclusion he declared them man and wife, and invoked God's blessing to follow them through life.

Then to Mendelsohns Wedding March Dr. and Mrs. Hiller accompanied by the wedding party left the church by the Southern aisle, the guests remaining until they had taken their carriages and driven away.

Immediately after the ceremony, Mrs. Margaret H. Wilson the bride's mother gave a large reception at her residence on High street, and until ten o'clock that place presented an animated scene, several hundred persons being present. The library was reserved for the bridal table which was set for sixteen, and was handsomely decorated in white and green. The guests were served with choice refreshments by "Leadlien" the Williamsport caterer.

Fiske's Orchestra was present and discoursed delightful music throughout the evening.

The presents received by the bride were elegant, and completely filled a large, upstairs room. It would be impossible to describe them all. The ushers present to the bride was a massive pitcher and tray, the groom's parents sent a beautiful silver service, and the bride's mothers gift, was $5,000 in bonds. Cut glass, silver in every design, lamps, handsome china and pictures were in abundance, and in fact almost everything suitable for an occasion of this kind was there.

The bride is one of our most beautiful and popular young ladies, not only charming in person and manner, but socially is a great favorite with every one and as she leaves this community for her new home the good wishes of her many friends will follow her.

The groom is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, having received the degree of M. D. at that institution, and although a native of Missouri, has for a long time made Philadelphia his home. He has spent several years in the Holy Land and visited almost every country in the far east, in the interest of science, and succeeded in collecting a great number of curious and ancient antiquities, which he has presented to different museums in Philadelphia. At present he is interested in, and manages one of the largest sugar estates in Cuba, and expects with Mrs. Hiller to spend the winter in that tropical region. In summer, however, their home will be in Bellefonte. Dr. Hiller is a man of fine presence, highly educated and a most genial companion.

On Monday preceding the wedding the bride gave an evening dinner to her lady attendants at which time she presented each with an antique pin set in pearls.

Last Saturday night Dr. Hiller entertained the ushers at the Rittenhouse club, Philadelphia and presented each with a handsome gold match safe, and in return they presented him with a beautiful loving cup.

Dr. and Mrs. Hiller left at 10 o'clock on a special train for Tyrone, and from there took the P. R. R. for New York, after a short tour through the east, will return to Bellefonte and remain till late in November when they will start for their southern home.

The following are some of the visitors from a distance who were present at the wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Geary, Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. George Norris, Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Babb, Williamsport; Mr and Mrs. Boroughs Babb, Williamsport; Misses Sarah and Elizabeth Linn, Williamsport; Mr. and Mrs. James Lewars, Williamsport; Mr. and Mrs. John Cornell, Williamsport; Mrs. Tinsman, Williamsport; Dr. and Mrs. Chaney Williamsport; Mr. and Mrs. George Good Osceola; Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hiller, Missouri; Mrs. Haldeman, Harrisburg; Miss Haldeman, Harrisburg; Mr. Donald Haldeman, Harrisburg; Miss Margery Knowles, Richmond.

The Bellefonte Republican

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write uponbut one side of the paper. and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

JOHN C. MILLER.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

—Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. A cut? Use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At your druggists.

—Miss Louise Calloway, who has been confined to her room for several weeks with a severe attack of rheumatism, is recovering.

—Too late to cure a cold after consumption has fastened its deadly grip on the lungs. Take Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup while yet there is time.

—The Reformed church at Boalsburg is now beautifully lighted with acetylene gas. The plant was installed by J. S. Rowe, of Centre Hall, and gives entire satisfaction.

—Rev. W. F. Carson of Milesburg preached two excellent sermons in the Presbyterian church at Bellefonte Sunday, in the absence of Dr. Laurie who was in Philadelphia.

—A new Commercial telephone has been placed in the office of Dr. J. J. Kilpatrick, the dentist, in Temple Court, by the United Telephone & Supply Company. The number is 1223.

—Mrs. Edward Hedey Richards entertained a large number of her lady friends at her home on Linn street Tuesday afternoon in honor of Miss Hibbs of Philadelphia, who is Mrs. Richards' guest.

—It's a mistake to imagine that itching piles can't be cured; a mistake to suffer a day longer than you can help. Doan's Ointment brings instant relief and permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

—James H. Allport, of Hastings, formerly of Philipsburg, in company with three other gentlemen, has gone to the Sierra Madre mountains in Mexico, where some time will be spent in hunting large game.

—The Salvation Army continues to do good work and under the direction of Captains Irvin and Donisberg the meetings increase in interest. On Sunday evening three persons presented themselves at the altar for prayer.

—On Nov 16, Rev. Inglis, of London, England, will begin a series of Evangelistic meetings in Petrikin Hall under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. Rev. Inglis has been a worker with Moody and is a great power for good wherever he appears.

—Fred Meyer, of Rock Springs, had the misfortune of losing four head of cattle Wednesday night of last week. The straw stack in his barn yard blew over and buried three head of young cattle and broke the back of his best cow, which had to be killed.

—Rev. R. Crittenden is very much incensed at the article in Monday's North American giving a picture of him as he returned from his last hunting expedition and has handed us the following which we cheerfully publish.

"I had planned to come in from my wild turkey hunt on the night train. Returning home the next morning in daylight some one took a snap-shot so, for the first time I appear in *The North American* today."

We have received from Mr. A. A. Pletcher, one of Howard's most popular and successful school teachers, three compositions on the subject of "Howard," giving a full and interesting account of everything connected with that flourishing town. These compositions speak well for the instruction imparted by that teacher and indicate the benefits derived by the scholars. The little girls whose work was sent us are only thirteen years old, and their names are Alice Tipton, Nellie Hopkins and Florence Smith.

—Mrs. Catherine Welsh, an aged widow lady, died Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock at the residence of Jerry Donovan at Axe Mann, after an illness extending over a period of three months. She was believed to be over ninety years old, although no one knew her exact age. She was the widow of James Welsh, who died more than thirty-five years ago. She had no relatives except two nephews, John and Thomas Birchall, who reside at Altoona. She was a member of St. John's Catholic church of Bellefonte. The arrangements for the funeral have not yet been made.

—Most of the so-called walks on East Lamb street are still in the same condition they were last fall, only worse. The owner of one of them ascended the hill one day last fall, "to look at his pavement," but not a thing has been done. The other day a gentleman who evidently had no accident insurance policy stood a long time on top of the hill, uncertain as to the safer way of descent—the sidewalk or the middle of the road—and finally adopted the latter. The arc light at the corner of Lamb and Ridge streets, after being extinguished entirely until complaint was made, is now replaced with an incandescent which is only bright enough to render the darkness more apparent—this, too, when at one place on Linn street both an incandescent and an arc light for some time were shedding their effulgence from one place. Lamb street people, as well as those in other parts of town, have rights—and votes.

Donation to the Hospital.

Last Thursday the ladies of the W. C. T. U. made a fine and acceptable donation to the hospital. The articles, which had previously been solicited, comprised sixty jars of jelly, jam and preserves; two pairs of sheets, sent by Mrs. Coburn; two pairs of pillow cases, by Katz & Co.; two pictures, by Edwin Eckenroth; four pictures, by S. H. Williams; two pictures, from some one whose name is not given. Besides the above, there was a goodly supply of plates, dishes and a number of pieces of useful china. In addition to what is enumerated, Mrs. Catharine Humes presented that institution with a quantity of grape juice of her own making.

Presbyterian Synod.

The Presbyterian Synod of Pennsylvania, the largest ecclesiastical organization of the kind in the world, convened last week in the first Presbyterian church of Allegheny, for four days. Its territory covers all of Pennsylvania, West Virginia and western Africa. It enrolls twenty-two Presbyteries, over 1100 churches, 225,000 church members and gave last year to home and foreign missions alone, over $500,000.

The commissioners chosen at the recent meeting of the Presbytery of Huntingdon in Centre Hall are: Ministers—R. F. Wilson, Lewistown; D. E. Hepler, Lemont; J. M. Waddell, Clearfield; J. H. Mathers, D. D., Bellwood; R. M. Campbell, Pennsylvania Furnace, and J. E. Irvine, Ph. D., Altoona. Elders—J. L. Somerville, Winburne; H. A. Davis, Esq., Altoona; Dr. J. L. R. Heichhold, Clearfield; G. W. Ganoe, Philipsburg; T. D. Weaver, Moshannon; William Roberts, Martinsburg.

Foot Ball on Saturday—Acedemy vs Philipsburg.

The foot ball season was opened last Saturday by a game between the Bellefonte Academy and Philipsburg High School, in which the visiting team was worsted, the score being 33—0. The only casualties reported are one head severely cut and one leg so badly damaged that its owner had to be carried from the field, which speaks well for the gentle manner in which the game was conducted.

The principal features of Saturday's encounter were the end runs of Heinle and Keichline, the latter making one run of 85 yards from a kick off to a touch down and another run of 85 yards for a touch down. Another feature was the line bucking of Leathers and McCandless together with the line plunging of Twitmire and Otto. The playing of the entire team was fine.

The line up was:

ACADEMY.	POSITIONS.	PHILIPSBURG.
Heinle	L. End	Weeks
McCandless	L. Tackle	Harvey
Weaver	L. Guard	Hoops
Meek	Centre	Walters
Leathers	R. Guard	Potts
Ferguson	R. Tackle	Miles
Vandeventer	R. End	Edwards
McIntosh	Q. Back	Roberts
Otto	L. Half Back	Burns
Twitmire	R. "	Port
Keichline	Full Back	Miller

Touchdowns—Twitmire 2, Keichline 2, Heinle 1, McCandless 1. Goals kicked—Keichline 3. Umpire, John Curtin. Referee, Geo. T. Bush. Time, 20-minute halves.

Going to Elmira, N. Y.

The large sale of farm stock and household furniture on the farm of David Thomas of Loveville takes place on Saturday, and next week Mr. Thomas and his family will go to Elmira, N. Y., where he will become the proprietor of the West End Hotel on Water street, that city. Mr. Thomas is a life-long citizen of Centre county and we regret to see him depart, but Centre county's loss will be the gain of the city to which he is going. The role of "Mine Host" will be a new one for our friend, but he certainly is possessed of the genial qualities which adapt him to it. Of course, the principal reason for this change of occupation is the increased remuneration which he hopes will be his. It is certain that every citizen of this locality visiting Elmira will hunt up David Thomas' West End Hotel and we can cordially recommend him to all who as birds of passage or as permanent guests desire a home-like, comfortable place of sojourn while in Elmira, and after he has made a handsome fortune he will return to Centre county to pass the remainder of his life.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers were recorded during the past week by Recorder N. E. Robb.

America Leyman et baron to Jos. A. Emmenhizer, Oct. 18, 1902, 80 acres in Howard twp; for $350.

John I. Thompson et ux to Mabel V. Evey, July 1, 1902, 2 lots in Lemont; for $220.

P. A. Sellers, trustee, to Jeremiah Kelley, Aug. 3, 1901, tract of land in Potter twp; for $1,001.

A. B. Weaver to William E. Farrell, Oct. 6, 1902, lot No. 364 in South Philipsburg, for $150.

George S. Aikens to Oscar E. Aikens, Oct. 4, 1902, 1 lot in Milesburg; for $150.

Jeremiah Kelley to Susan Kelley, Oct. 18, 1902, tract of land in Patton twp; for $1.00.

Andrew J. Weibley et ux to Harriet Pennington, Oct 4, 1902, lot in State College; for $1,200.

—Dyspepsia—bane of human existence. Burdock Blood Bitters cures it, promptly, permanently. Regulates and tones the stomach.

The Death of Mrs. Sarah Irvin Potter

"Blessed are the dead which die in the Lord from henceforth: Yea, saith the Spirit, that they may rest from their labors; and their works do follow them."

This passage of Scripture suggested itself to our mind when we received the sad intelligence Friday evening that Mrs. Sarah Irvin Potter had gone to her reward, and to those who have known her, as was the privilege of the writer, the above words from God's message to man, will be accepted as applicable to her.

Mrs. Potter was a Christian woman in the highest acceptation of the term and her beautiful example will long live in the hearts of her friends, pointing them to Him whom she so faithfully served, and her good deeds performed in this world will follow her, and through them will many jewels be added to her crown of rejoicing.

Mrs. Sarah Irvin Potter is the last of a distinguished family, all of her brothers and sisters having died before her. She was a native of Centre county, having been born August 19, 1820, on a farm about one mile west of Centre Hall. Her father, John Irvin, was in his day and generation one of the largest land owners in Penns valley. Her mother's maiden name was Ann Watson. Her early life was spent at the home of her birth. In February, 1844, she was married to Wilson W. Potter and resided for several years at Centre Furnace. In 1864 they removed to Bellefonte. Her husband died in July, 1884, since which time her home has been with her son, George L. Potter on Linn street. Mrs. Potter was a woman of remarkable energy and having passed her 82nd birthday, she still retained wonderful vitality, and until within the last two weeks has been able to make kindly calls upon her friends and neighbors; but unfortunately, on Sunday, the 5th of October, in descending the stairs, she made a misstep, causing her to fall quite a distance. She was immediately taken and placed upon her bed and the family physician summoned, who, after a close examination, could not discover any serious injury; but the shock to her nervous system was so great that, notwithstanding the tender care and attention of loving friends, she gradually but surely became weaker, until at half past seven o'clock Friday night her spirit left its earthly tabernacle to be with her Creator. She is survived by two sons, John I. Potter and George L. Potter, both of whom in their care and affection to their aged mother made her last days bright and happy.

Mrs. Potter was kind and benevolent and her charities were bestowed with an open hand. She was a member of the Presbyterian church since childhood, and a regular attendant at its services, and as long as her strength permitted a faithful worker in its cause. As a neighbor she was alike loving and beloved; as a friend she was true and steadfast, and in times of trouble or affliction her sympathetic disposition was a source of comfort and encouragement.

Those who have enjoyed her society and friendship, will miss her sadly, but will rejoice in the fact, that though she has gone from us, she is now with her Savior, whom she delighted to serve whilst in this world.

Mrs. Potter was a sister of the following prominent citizens of our county, all of whom departed this life years ago; Mrs. Eza Curtin, Mrs. Susan Potter, Mrs. Moses Thompson, James Irvin, Mrs. Andrew Gregg, John Irvin and William Irvin, the latter at one time was consul to China.

The funeral took place on Monday afternoon at three o'clock. Interment in the Union Cemetery.

The ceremonies at the house were conducted by Rev. Wm. Laurie, D. D., who for 26 years had been her pastor, Rev. Wilford P. Shriner, D. D., of the Methodist church, assisting.

The pall bearers were her nephews, John I. Thompson, A. G. Curtin, Jr., Wm. Thompson, Jr., James H. Potter, Gen. J. I. Curtin and James I. Thompson.

The Matrimonial Market.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register A. G. Archey:

Hiram M. Heller	Philadelphia
Blanche M. Hays	Bellefonte
Orian A. Kline	"
Lillian M. Gebret	"
Mifflin R. Moyer	Rebersburg
Sylvia Shaff	"
Rutherford B. Parsons	Benore
Annette R. Yarnell	"
Toner Goss	Sandy Ridge
Elizabeth Weeks	Altoona
Robert Smith Stover	Millheim
Bessie Idelle Musser	"
Bennie Chapman	Romola
Cora M. Mann	"
Ralph Snieal	Mingoville
Maggie Cross	"
Walter B. Cronister	Warriorsmark
Ellie E. Frye	Shingletown
Joseph Bogash	Clarence
Barbara A. Borane	Gillintown
John W. Henderson	Roland
Eliza Viola Anderson	"
J. P. Brugger	Fleming
Eva C. Thompson	"
Reuben E. Fink	Hannah
Margaret Kehoe	Altoona

PERSONALS.

Robert Cole transacted business in Lock Haven Friday.

Miss Sara Moore, of Buffalo Run, is visiting friends in Philipsburg.

G. E. Haupt departed Monday morning on a business trip to Pittsburg.

Miss Eva Davis, of Julian, spent last Saturday with friends in town.

Joseph McMahon, of Tyrone, visited friends in this place over Sunday.

Hon. Leonard Rhone, of Centre Hall, transacted business in town Thursday.

Hon. John A. Woodward, of Howard, was a Bellefonte visitor Thursday.

County Detective Joseph W. Rightnour transacted business in Clinton county last week.

Mrs. M. W. Jackson started for Philadelphia Monday to visit friends in that city.

Hon. James Schofield returned home Thursday from a business trip to Philadelphia.

Mr. Wilbur F. Reeder left town Monday morning for Philadelphia to be absent several days.

Dr. George W. Atherton, of State College, tarried in Bellefonte Friday morning between trains.

Misses Sallie and Bessie Linn, of Williamsport, are guests at the home of Mrs. Mary B. Linn.

Miss Helen Criesman returned home last week from a month's visit with friends in Sunbury.

Hon. and Mrs. Harry R. Curtin were in town Monday attending the funeral of Mrs. Sarah Irvin Potter.

Irwin Hagerman, of Lock Haven was an arrival in Bellefonte Saturday afternoon for a short stay.

Miss Margery Knowles, of Richmond, Va., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. John M. Dale of East Linn street.

Rev. Dr. Laurie arrived home Monday morning from Philadelphia where he has been for the past few days.

Dr. S. M. Huff, of Milesburg, candidate for Coroner on the Republican ticket was in town Thursday.

Earle C. Tuten returned home Wednesday evening from a trip through the Northern part of the county.

W. D. Crosby the well known attorney of Philipsburg, Pa.; transacted legal business in Bellefonte Thursday.

Archibald Allison, of Gregg township, republican candidate for county auditor, was in town on business Thursday.

James B. Strohm, of Potter township, republican candidate for the legislature, was in town on business Thursday.

Miss Hibbs, of Philadelphia, is being entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Richards on East Linn street.

Oscar Hunter, book-keeper for the Bellefonte Glass Co. departed Friday afternoon on a business trip to New York city.

Mr. John Noll and daughter, Roberta, returned home Tuesday night from a visit to Charles T. Noll and family at Clearfield.

Miss Erba Stevens returned Friday to her home in Bellwood after a pleasant day's visit with her friend, Miss Nellie Ryan.

D. Wilford P. Shriner returned home Wednesday evening from Bedford, Pa., where he attended a gathering of Methodist brethren.

Mrs. J. E. Borches who has been visiting at the residence of Col. and Mrs. W. F. Reeder returned to her home in Knoxville, Tenn., Monday.

Capt. H. S. Taylor, who had been home on a weeks leave of absence left Saturday afternoon for Ashland to resume his duties as Captain of Co. B.

Nelson E. Robb, Supt. of the North Branch Telephone Company with headquarters at Williamsport, spent Sunday with his family in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Schreyer and Mrs. Motter who have been visiting at the home of Mrs. John Harper on Linn Street left for Chicago Sunday evening.

Col. W. Fred Reynolds departed Monday morning for Philadelphia to attend the Missionary Council of the Episcopal church in session at that place this week.

Thomas Purdue, who is one of the officials of the Huntingdon Reformatory, is visiting his old friends in this place. He was a pleasant caller at this office one day last week.

Wilbur F. Harris, formerly editor of the REPUBLICAN and DAILY NEWS, was an arrival in town Saturday evening. He is here on business for the firm of N. I. Hench & Co., of Harrisburg with whom he is connected and will remain about one week.

Col. and Mrs. Amos Mullen have been taking quite an extensive trip. They visited friends in York county, Lancaster county and Washington, D. C. The Colonel returned home Sunday afternoon but Mrs. Mullen will remain a few weeks longer.

Mr. Martin Mour, of Hanover, Pa., was in Bellefonte over Sunday in the interest of the company who are putting in the new water wheel at the water works. While in town he was entertained by Supt. Samuel Donachy of the Pennsylvania Match Company. Mr Donachy took his guest for a drive to Penns Cave Sunday afternoon and showed him the wonders of that famous resort.

Clement Dale, Esq., transacted business in Millheim Monday.

Ex-Sheriff Robert Cooke, of Howard, was a Bellefonte visitor Tuesday.

T. Wilson Way, of State College was a visitor in town between trains Saturday.

Frank McFarland, of Boalsburg, was a business visitor in town Saturday.

R. M. McGee, of Philadelphia, was a business visitor in Bellefonte last week.

Hon. Robert Foster, of State College, transacted business in Bellefonte Saturday.

Ex-County Treasurer John Q. Miles of Julian, was noticeable on our streets Tuesday.

Mr. W. V. Salter, of Shamokin, is visiting his son, Rev. B. A. Salter, at Pleasant Gap.

Col. James P. Coburn departed Saturday for Williamsport where he remained over Sunday.

Mrs. Paul Reish (nee Miss Bess Hayes) is a visitor at the home of her brother Dr. R. G. H. Hayes.

John A. Daley, one of Curtin township's stalwart Republicans, was a visitor in town Tuesday.

Miss Freda Hess, one of Linden Hall's accomplished young ladies, was a shopping visitor in town Tuesday.

C. V. Gruver, one of Howard township's prominent citizens, was a business visitor in town Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Feulon departed Saturday for a weeks visit with Mr. and Mrs. George T. Brew at Oakland, Md.

Dr. R. G. H. Hayes has been compelled to leave home to assume his duties as Assistant Surgeon of the Fifth Regiment, N. G. P.

Miss Matilda Baldwin of Henessey, Oklahoma a cousin of Mrs. F. W. Crider is a guest at the Crider home on West Linn Street.

Mrs. Ralph Mallory was a passenger Saturday enroute to Philadelphia where she will visit her parents for the next two weeks.

Mrs. H. C. Hollaway, wife of Rev. H. C. Hollaway D. D., departed Saturday for Philadelphia were she will visit her son for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. John Porter Lyon and little child returned to their home at Pennsylvania Furnace Friday afternoon after a pleasant visit in Bellefonte.

Dr. Edward J. Gray, of Williamsport, president of Dickinson Seminary, was the guest over Wedneesday night of Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Clemson, of this city.

Daniel Kelly departed Saturday for Pittsburg where he expects to secure a good position. He is a son of Supt. Wm. Kelley of the Bellefonte Furnace company.

George Durst, a son of Hiram Durst, of Boalsburg, who has been visiting his parents for some time past, departed Tuesday for his home in Mason City, Iowa.

Mrs. Ellen McDonald and her son, Charles, departed Saturday for their home in Reynoldsville after a pleasant visit at the home of her sister, Mrs. Nora Brown of East Lamb street.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Chambers and little daughter departed Friday for Williamsport. Mr. Chambers has an important case to try before the Lycoming county court in which the sum of $14,000 is involved.

John Bullock visited Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lukenbach at Philipsburg last week. He attended the reception in honor of Chester M. Lingle and bride given by Mrs. Gertrude Lingle at Philipsburg Tuesday.

J. H. Lutz, of East Howard street, arrived home Wednesday evening from a business trip to Mifflin county. He went there to look over some farms with the idea of buying one, but has not definitely decided on the matter yet.

Miss Thomazine T. Potter of Ashbourne arrived Wednesday to be present at the Hiller—Hays wedding which took place Thursday night. While here Miss Potter was the guest of her brother Mr. James H. Potter.

Mr. Alfred A. Hays who came from Missouri, to be present at the marriage of his daughter Mrs. H. M. Hiller, nee Blanche Hays left at noon Saturday for Williamsport to visit his daughter Mrs. Harry Babb, who resides at that place.

Among the strangers present at the funeral of Mrs. Sarah Potter Monday were Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Blair of Tyrone, Mrs. Susan Potter of Lancaster, Hon. John Hamilton and wife of State College, Dr. Potter of Philipsburg, A. G. Morris of Tyrone, Mr. Wm. Sanderson and daughter of Mill Hall.

Frank Shugert went to Marsh Creek Monday morning to verify the reports of game being in such abundance in those parts. Of course he took his little gun with him to be prepared for any emergency. Much to his surprise he found the woods swarming with squirrels, pheasants, wild turkeys, etc. He had so much compassion for the small game that he made no attempt to shoot any of it, but could not resist the temptation to draw a bead on a large turkey gobbler which was making towards him, and had the satisfaction of bringing it home. Frank told us all this himself, so it must be true. He also says that when dressed it weighed 18 pounds.

Thomas J. Sexton, Esq., s transacting business in Tyrone.

A. A. Stevens Esq., transacted business in town Wednesday.

George Miller went to Lock Haven Wednesday to be examined for a pension.

Mrs. C. U. Hoffer of Philipsburg is a guest at the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Gerberich on Thomas street.

E. A. Humpton, of Snow Shoe township, Democratic candidate for commissioner, gave this office a call while in town Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Orian Kline returned home Tuesday afternoon from their wedding tour which was spent at Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

Clarence Longacre, a member of Co. B, 5th Regiment, N. G. P., was an arrival home Tuesday from Ashland, Pa., where the company is located.

Miss Martha Parker, of Jersey Shore, and Miss Roberta Justice, of Philadelphia, are visiting Mr. H. M. Bidwell and family of South Allegheny street.

Mr. and Mrs. William Flack, who have been visiting relatives in this place for some time past, left Wednesday morning for their home near Philadelphia.

Mrs. M. M. Norris who has been visiting at the home of Mrs. Eliza T. Blanchard, left Wednesday afternoon for Howard where she will be the guest of Mrs. Bogle.

George Bayard, who is conducting a large drug store at North Bend, Pa., tarried in town Wednesday a.m. between trains while on his way to Pittsburg on business.

Miss Mary Mothersbaugh left for her home in Beech Creek Wednesday afternoon after a pleasant visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Rinesmith of East Bishop street.

Mrs. Clara Daggett departed Tuesday morning for Lawrenceville where she will spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Inez Fletcher. Mrs. Daggett is an aunt of W. L. Daggett.

Miss Margaret Furey of Pittsburg was an arrival Wednesday, and will visit for a short time at the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. W. Morris Furey at their delightful home near Bellefonte.

W. V. Larimer and son, Charles, departed Wednesday for Huntingdon to attend the races. The speedy pacer "Toboggan," owned by Palace Livery Stable of this place, is entered in these races.

Rev. Ambrose Schmidt, pastor of the Reformed congregation, left Wednesday to attend the Synod of that denomination which will hold its sessions this week at Wilkesbarre. Rev. Schmidt expects to be absent about one week.

Ben Brown and his sister, Miss Jennie, departed Wednesday afternoon for Philadelphia where they will meet and accompany home their mother, Mrs. Nora Brown, who has been receiving treatment in a hospital there.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for Oct. 20, 1902:

Geo. W. Brown, Tolbert R. Berry, Mrs. F. Campbell, H. L. Faux, S. A. Hartzler, Valentine Jones, J. H. Malin, Wm. Ott, H. M. Pugh, H. E. Stevens, J. L. Thomson, R. H. Thomas, Obie Weaver.

When called for please say advertised.

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

—Judge Cyrus Gordon, of Clearfield, has appointed J. B. McEnally, of Clearfield; D. S. Herron, of DuBois; J. E. Hedding, of Morrisdale, A. W. Lee, of Clearfield, and L. Bird, of Penfield, a committee to inquire into the cost etc., of the lightning rods that were recently put on the Clearfield county buildings, and has caused so much agitation.

WANTED—Any girl wanting a good position in a small family will do well to correspond with Mrs. W. H. Parker, or call Prof. Rebers house over Commercial Phone, State College. d&w

DOING THEIR DUTY.

SCORES OF BELLEFONTE READERS ARE LEARNING THE DUTY OF THE KIDNEYS.

To filter the blood is the kidneys' duty.
When they fail to do this the kidneys are sick.
Backache and many kidney ills follow.
Urinary troubles, Diabetes.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure them all.
Bellefonte people endorse our claim.

Mr. W. E. Haines, of No. 1 Beaver Row, locomotive engineer, says; "I was suffering from an acute lameness in my back and a dull, lingering aching over my kidneys. I felt it in my head also and there were pains over my eyes and in the top and back of my head and in the upper part of my spine. I was afraid I would not be able to attend to my duties as I was on night work and had to get some rest in the day time, for on account of my back and these pains I could not rest well. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and obtained them from the Bush House block drug store. They proved to be just the remedy I require for they removed the whole trouble."

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